

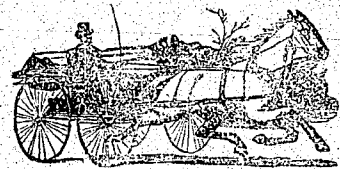
HAVE you ever tried our bacon? We claim it is just the *very best* that money can buy. And we know what we are talking about. If you are one of our many regular customers, try some that we have on hand just now. If you are not a regular patron, *become one.*

F. H. Milks

Milk's Market

Phone No. 2

## LIVERY &amp; SALES STABLES



Prompt livery service ready at anytime.

Also heavy work.

Farms and Farm Lands and Village Property For Sale.

N. P. Olson, Grayling

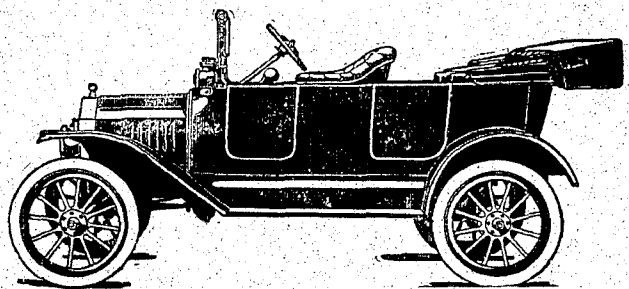
Langevin's Old Stand

## EAT MORE ICE CREAM

The State Food Commission compares the food value of one quart of ice cream equal in value to 1 1/2 dozen of eggs. It is your duty to yourself to eat.

Connor's World's Best Ice Cream

Sold exclusively by O. Sorenson &amp; Son



Barring the unforeseen, each retail buyer of a new Ford car, between August 1914 and August 1915, will receive from \$40 to \$60 as a share of the Ford Motor Company's profits.

Anyone can drive a Ford—it's so simple in construction. No complex mechanism to learn. In town or country, for business or pleasure, Ford cars serve everybody, for about two cents a mile to operate and maintain.

Runabout, \$440; Touring Car, \$490; Town Car, \$690; Coupelet, \$750; Sedan, \$975; l. o. b. Detroit with all equipment.

On display and sale at BURKE'S GARAGE, Frederic, agent for Crawford and Northern Roscommon Counties.

## THE CRAWFORD AVALANCHE

Just the Newspaper that should be in Every Home in this County.

## PIONEER DAYS IN CRAWFORD COUNTY

## HARDSHIPS ENDURED BY EARLY SETTLERS.

## Mrs. Funck Writes Interesting Story of Facts.

In the year 1874, in March, my husband, Henry Funck, and I with our four small children left New York City to make our home in Michigan, where he took up a soldier's homestead in Crawford county.

We stayed in Saginaw while he came here and built a small log cabin in the woods, after hiring a man to show him the land and blaze the trees from Roscommon to the homestead, about five and a half miles.

In April I came with the children to our new home. If I remember right the Jackson, Lansing & Saginaw railroad came only as far as Gaylord, and there was only one train a day. One day it went north and the next day south. On the day we came they stopped the train long enough to allow a man to get his hat that had blown off.

There was an old Indian trail through our woods but there were no roads at that time. Henry cut out a road from our homestead to Roscommon. The river had to be forded and a tree across the river served as a foot bridge. I shall never forget the beauty of the landscape; the tall beautiful pines—white pine and Norway, with the songs of the birds morning and evening. Birds and animals showed very little fear. A hawk came and sat on a little tree quite near to where I was standing. I had stopped to watch it as I was on my way to get a pail of water about a quarter of a mile from our cabin, where we had sunk a barrel beside a little pond.

When the snow was too deep in the road Henry would walk on the railroad track to go to Roscommon. One day as he was coming from there he found three lynx on the track before him. He did not dare to go back for fear they would follow and attack him.

The snow was quite deep on both sides of the track too. So he took out his pocket knife and made a rush for them, yelling as loud as he could and scared them away. He generally carried a Colt's revolver but he didn't have it with him that time.

In 1877 we set out a small orchard, the first in the county—apples, pears and grapes—which soon bore fruit. We also saved seeds from some apples we had eaten in New York City, and from one of them we raised the tree that bears the excellent white apple we named the Crawford County Pioneer.

We had a cowbell that we could hear a long way off. The cows had not come home one evening, so about dusk I took the baby in my arms and went out to listen for the bells. I walked very slowly and stopped several times listening, when I saw a black animal come around some trees. I thought it was a dog and I said "Come Rover, see the baby" and held out my hand. When it came out from among the trees and started to run I saw it was a bear. I don't know yet which was frightened the most, myself or the bear.

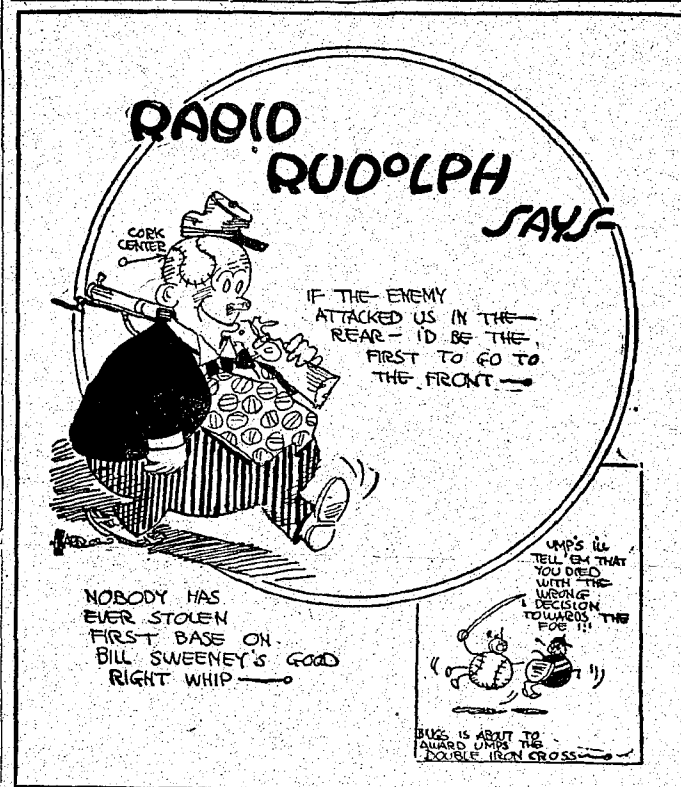
At another time one came into our clearing in the daytime. There were a good many oaks on our hill and they came for the acorns. One morning Ed Buckley, who made his home with a family north of us, came and asked Henry if he could leave his gun here until he came from Roscommon, where he was going after some groceries. In the afternoon Henry went after some water and coming back he saw a large bear with two cubs. When Mr. Buckley came back he told him of it, so he took his gun and started after them. Not long afterward he came back, the perspiration running down his face. He said he saw one of the cubs first and shot it. When it squealed the bear came and ran after him to within a few rods of our house. He said he could feel her breath. When Henry looked at the tracks he said he must have made jumps fifteen feet long.

One day, I think it was in 1878, Henry was helping Mr. Sylsby make hay on his marsh and did not expect to come home that night. I had never gone after the cows before, but in the afternoon I heard the bells north of our house and they seemed to be quite near. I told the older children to look after the younger ones and started off after them. They were going east but I could not catch up to them. After a while they turned south and then east again until they got into the marsh where Henry was working. I heard him bringing them out so I waited there. When he saw me he asked if I could find my way home again and I told him I could. He went back and I drove the cows into a road that I thought would take us home. They went along quietly for a while, then they made lots of trouble trying to run away. I got them all together again, but a little further on one after the other went until I had only the white cow left. She was quite a pet, so I had no trouble with her. When I looked around everything looked strange, and I should have been at home long before then.

It was getting dark and I did not know if I was near home or miles away. I was terribly frightened. I knew there were lynx and wild cats in the swamps and bear in the woods. I thought of the children, none of them old enough to light a lamp. Our oldest boy, Henry, had gone to a neighbor's.

Oh, how I prayed for help to find my home again. It was getting darker all the time. I was trying to think, but all I could think of was that I must stay with the cow for she had a good bell on and that was the only chance of finding me. After a while I heard a clear call in the woods "Hoo-ooo-hoo". Oh how glad and thankful I was! I answered and in a short time Henry came to where I was. He said

Henry came to where I was. He said



he heard the bell in the evening so he knew I had lost my way.

In the way home we found the other cows. It was so dark that we could only see the white cow very dimly ahead of us. On the way home we heard an awful scream of some animal in the woods. None of us had ever heard anything like it before nor since. We felt around the ground for a club but found only little sticks, so Henry told me to walk ahead of him. When we got home the children were all crying. They said they knew that I was lost in the woods. There was no light in the house and they had had no supper, but it did not take me long to get them something to eat. That was the first and the last time that I went after the cows alone.

Henry Funck enlisted on April 20th, 1861, as corporal. Entry into service June 22nd, 1861, as orderly sergeant in Co. F, 71st N. Y. volunteers and served three years. He re-enlisted in veteran volunteer in 1864, was transferred to 120th as orderly sergeant, promoted to 2nd lieutenant Oct. 10th, 1864, promoted from 2nd lieutenant to 1st lieutenant February 4th, 1865. He was wounded at the battle of Gettysburg July 2, 1863 and discharged June 7th, 1865, at the end of the war.

Respectfully,  
MRS. SUSAN FUNCK.

## For Sale.

Lots numbered five and six, on the northwest corner of block twenty-eight, Roffee's addition can be bought cheap for cash. A fine location.

Five houses and lots on the South side of the river:

1. A ten room house now finished, has never been occupied and is in a desirable location; can be bought for less than actual cost—with moderate payment in cash and balance on easy terms.
2. A six room dwelling, less than three years old and another of same design and age on easy terms.
3. A smaller house but in fair condition and is a bargain.
4. A new dwelling with lot 128 by 132 feet on similar terms.

Foundations and cellars, cement blocks and good chimneys. Interest at six percent.

80 acres unimproved land two miles southeast of Grayling, the foundation for a first class farm. Can be bought on easy terms for part, for \$900.00.

40 acres, one-half mile from the village; 7 acres in pasture; entire 40 fenced. About ten acres low land, balance good farming land; sawing timber removed. Price \$600.00.

10 acres improved land, all fenced nearly opposite T-town; one mile north of village; just right to be divided into large village lots for workmen in the mills and yards, and purchaser can double his money. Can be bought for \$200.00.

O. Palmer.

## HENRY STEPHENS FOR GOVERNOR OF MICHIGAN.

## San Francisco Paper Starts Boom for Lumberman.

The following is from the May 15 issue of "Town Talk" of San Francisco:

"Henry Stephens, the millionaire lumber baron of Michigan, who has been delivering a series of lectures in California, contrasting European academic freedom with the non-academic freedom of this country, left San Francisco last Monday for Eugene, Oregon. Mr. Stephens' lectures have stimulated thought hereabouts and he has been very cordially received. During his stay in Oregon he will lecture before the faculty and student body of

the University of Oregon. Mr. Stephens came to the coast primarily to visit his old home at Mission San Jose and the Exposition, which he pronounced the greatest spectacle ever staged.

"Mr. Stephens inherited the bulk of his father's large fortune, and he is one of the few sons of the American plutocracy who have not the ambition to accumulate more wealth. He prefers to devote his time to study of educational and sociological problems. A graduate of Harvard (A. B.) he took a post-graduate course at Vienna (Ph. D.) and intellectual matters are of greater interest to him than the romance of the stock market. He is a man of philanthropic impulses, and he might have been of great service to the University of Michigan had it not been for a political clique in his own state which disappointed his praiseworthy ambition. He was desirous of becoming a regent of the University, but in Michigan regents are elected by the people, and Stephens was denied a nomination. He received the hearty support of the voters in the lumber and mining regions and would undoubtedly have been nominated were it not for a steam roller that obliterated the delegation from Wayne county. He also received the support of all the reputable newspapers, but there were some moulders of public opinion whose friendship he did not care to cultivate, and who were in sympathy with the machine politicians. They waged a bitter fight against him. However, he is not discouraged. During his little flyer in politics he acquired a taste for the game, and he intends to take a lively interest in the public affairs of his adopted state. At a banquet given in his honor at Tait's the other night, many toasts were drunk to the health of the next governor of Michigan—Henry Stephens. Those present were mostly old residents of Michigan and graduates of Ann Arbor and Harvard.

"Stephens, however, is not covetous of this high honor. He intends shortly to return to South America, (which continent he is familiar with) to write a book on leprosy and tropical diseases.

"Stephens is an intense admirer of athletics. He owns a baseball club that for the past few years has won the independent championship of Michigan. He is the only notable man among recent visitors to the coast, who witnessed the Willard-Johnson fight in Havana, April 5th.

## Drug Laws.

The Federal, the State and the Municipal laws, are aimed to protect the people against narcotics and habit forming drugs.

Most cough and cold mixtures depend upon narcotics for their quieting effects.

Dr. Humphreys' "Seventy-seven" for colds and grip is the exception and only does good—not harm.

Pleasant to take, handy to carry, fits the vest pocket.

25c and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed.

Humphreys' Homeo Medicine Co., 156 William Street, New York.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

## Spring Announcement

## DRESS GOODS

Our Dress Goods Line Contains

Printed Voile	Striped Voile
Kenwick Swiss	Dotted Mull
Splash Voile	Batiste
Organdie Raye	Flowered Crepes
Valaire Lace	Plain Poplins, all shades

In our White Goods Line we have

Crepe	Voile	Lace Cloth
Ratine	Rice Cloth	Flaxon
Organdie	Crepe de Chine	
Silk Poplins in all new shades		

## LADIES' SILK HOSE

in all colors

## SHOES and PUMPS

Every kind of Shoes and Pumps for ladies from the full Louis heel for women of extreme tastes, to the low heel, soft leather shoe for the most conservative women, with every imaginable in-between-style—that's what we can offer women for \$3.50.

Emil Kraus

GRAYLING'S LEADING  
DRY GOODS STORE

## 1915 Maxwell

at its price the

## WORLD'S GREATEST AUTOMOBILE

Auto Overhauling and  
Repairing

GEO. A. COLLEN, Agent

Grayling, Mich. Phone 64

## Long Practice

Apperson practice is based on Apperson experience. We follow certain plans of construction because we know them to be absolutely correct. We have been building cars for twenty-two years. The line for 1915 consists of three sixes and a four: Apperson Four \$1350; Five Passenger Six \$1485; Seven Passenger Six \$1585; DeLuxe Six \$2200.

T. E. DOUGLAS

Agent for Crawford and Otsego Counties

Lovells, Mich.





## PERE MARQUETTE IS ORDERED SOLD

JUDGE TUTTLE DECIDES THAT  
ROAD MUST BRING ABOUT  
FORTY MILLIONS.

### OCTOBER FIRST DATE SET

Consolidated Mortgage Holders Fall  
to Offer Plan for Reorganization  
and Court Grants Motion  
For Sale.

Detroit—U. S. Judge Tuttle, at a meeting of bondholders in federal court Monday, ordered the sale of the Pere Marquette railroad at an upset price of approximately \$40,000,000.

The court decided that enough should be realized from the sale to pay the debts of the court as guardian of the road since its failure.

These debts aggregate \$10,000,000. He also held that the claims of the underlying bondholders, approximately \$28,000,000, be met.

Other bondholders will be cared for from the surplus.

The date of sale has been fixed as October 1, 1915.

Attorneys representing bondholders of the Pere Marquette gathered in federal court Monday morning to hear the plan of reorganization proposed by the consolidated mortgage holders, in an attempt to check the suit of underlying bondholders for the sale of the system at public auction.

When Hinton E. Spalding, attorney for the consolidated mortgage holders, failed to state any plan, Hal H. Smith, representing the underlying bondholders, moved that Judge Tuttle refuse them any more time, and set the sale of the road, subject to the underlying bonds and the court's debts, a total estimated at about \$38,000,000, for October 1.

### Preparing for State-Wide Fight.

Lansing—A campaign to obtain 100,000 signatures of a petition calling for a constitutional amendment for state-wide prohibition has been started by the Michigan Anti-Saloon League. A petition to prohibit the sale and manufacture of liquor in the state is nearly ready to be referred to the secretary of state. To initiate the amendment only 44,048 signatures are necessary, but the league hopes to get at least 100,000. The petition would have prohibition take effect May 1, 1918. The petition will be filed next December.

### Walter Galeser Is Acquitted.

Marshall—After two hours' deliberation, the jury in the Walter Galeser manslaughter case returned a verdict of not guilty Wednesday afternoon. Galeser shot and killed his father-in-law, Foster Metcalf, in Battle Creek, Dec. 1 last, as he attempted to enter his house, after having telephoned that he was coming to kill the whole family.

The announcement of the verdict was greeted with applause by the spectators and Judge North rebuked them sharply.

### Searching for Will Witnesses.

Detroit—Trustees of the Arnold homes for the aged and incurable in this city are making a state wide search for Mrs. Catherine Wallace and her son, Harold E., whose names appear as witnesses on the will of Miss Frances Morris. The will bequeaths about twenty thousand dollars to the homes and was written on very thin paper and placed behind the setting of a pocket. Dr. C. L. Arnold is offering a liberal reward for information concerning the witnesses.

### Disastrous Wreck in England.

Carlisle, Eng.—One of the most disastrous wrecks in the annals of British railroading occurred at 6 a. m. Saturday on the Caledonian railway at Gretna, near this city, when three trains came into collision.

No fewer than 75 persons were killed, and the final list may be considerably greater, for it is believed that many persons suffered fatal injuries. The total injured probably will reach 400, as the list of more or less seriously injured is very numerous.

### MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

Fred L. Keeler, superintendent of public instruction, has sent notice to all school boards to clean and repair schoolhouses during the summer vacation.

The safe in the grist mill at Concord was blown and the blacksmith shop of Fred Vedder robbed of \$25. The thieves stole a horse and buggy from the barn of Haddon Doherty and escaped.

The bill requiring every fraternal insurance organization to have a ritual will become a law 90 days after the final adjournment of the legislature, the governor having affixed his signature to the measure.

Treating her politely, though giving assurance that he would shoot her if she screamed, a daylight burglar quietly walked out the front door of Mrs. E. H. Tickner's home at Battle Creek Monday when Mrs. Tickner came home and disturbed him. The thief showed no excitement and even smiled as he left.

Legal heirs to estates may organize into a limited co-partnership, Grant Fellows, attorney-general, has ruled. A bill permitting incorporating into straight corporations was defeated in the senate after passing the house.

Battle Creek will entertain the convalescence of the grand council of the Royal and Select Masters of Michigan and the grand chapter of the Royal Arch Masons of Michigan the second or third week in May, 1915, it was decided at the closing session at Kalamazoo Wednesday.

## MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

The Northwestern Michigan Rural Carriers' association will meet at Turner May 31.

The bishops of the Episcopal province of the great lakes will hold their annual conference in Marquette June 23-25.

Twenty convicts were given paroles by the board of pardons at the May meeting at Jackson prison, which session closed Friday.

Ed Ball and Harry Cronin, who confessed to burglarizing a Charlotte drug store, were sentenced to six months to 15 years each.

Wells F. Harvey has taken options on the Big Rapids Pioneer and the Big Rapids Bulletin with a view to buying and combining the two papers.

Mrs. Ellis G. Faunce, 65, injured by an Ann Arbor passenger train Thursday, died at Brainerd hospital, Alma, Friday morning. Her husband, 69, is in a serious condition.

Invitations to 500 alumni of M. A. C. were mailed out last week by the alumni association at the college for the reunion of graduates and former students here, June 21 and 22.

After two days' session the jury at L'Anse au Loup in the case of the people vs. Frank Jymrski, accused of the murder of Regina Dema, a Chipewyan Indian woman, March 16 last.

Preparations for the convention of the Order of Eagles, which is to be held in Port Huron June 14, 15, 16 and 17, have been completed. Over 5,000 Eagles are expected to be in attendance.

According to Cashier and Trustee A. F. Lindke, of the defunct Akers bank, of Richmond, which closed its doors April 5, a dividend of 25 percent will be paid depositors about May 28.

The copper mines of the Lake Superior district have brought their production up to such a point that the owners say it is hardly possible to increase it another pound with the present milling room.

Judge John Bethune, aged 74, died Saturday at Paulina Stearns hospital. He was justice of the peace 18 consecutive years until 1914, and a resident of Ludington 47 years. He also served a term as sheriff.

The Loud line north of Standish now owned by the Detroit & Mackinac railroad, is being changed from narrow to standard gauge. It runs from Au Sable to Cummins, and millions of feet of hardwood, cedar, etc., are standing along its right of way.

The plant of the Luther Milling Co. was completely destroyed by fire early Saturday morning, and as the plant furnished light for the village, kerosene lamps will furnish the only illumination for homes, stores and streets until it can be rebuilt. The loss is about \$15,000, covered by insurance.

Though defeated at the recent election, the "drys" of Alger county are keeping up their fight. They are endeavoring to prevent the issuance of saloon licenses in townships containing less than 500 population of which there are five in the county, asserting that the Warner-Cramton law so provides.

Herman Erdman, a farmer near Richmond, strangled his wife and 8-year-old stepdaughter to death with his own hands Sunday, and then, when he feared capture, cut her wrists and throat so that he died early Monday morning in a Port Huron hospital. He had been married but six months.

The safe in the Michigan Central depot at Lewiston was blown open by burglars and completely wrecked. No money was secured, an express package valued at \$5 being all that was taken. George F. Sack's blacksmith shop was broken open and drills and other tools taken with which to force entrance to the depot.

Rev. James Schmaus, 76, pastor of the German Evangelical church at Richmond, died suddenly Monday night of asthma and heart disease. Rev. Mr. Schmaus came from the Cass City and Carleton pastorate and had occupied pulpits in the state for more than 40 years. He recently was returned to Richmond for a second term.

Fire at Sheridan, which broke out about midnight, Friday, destroyed the Dolan hotel and livery barn nearby. In the barn were 14 horses, which also were burned. Mystery surrounds the fire in the fact that all the hose belonging to the fire department had been cut. Sheriff Rasmussen is investigating. The loss is estimated at \$8,000, with little insurance.

The state tax this year will be the largest in the history of the state, \$9,598,668.10, or an increase over last year of \$3,469,339.99, or 56 per cent. According to Auditor-General Fuller the 1915 state tax will be higher by \$1,009,000 than ever before in the history of the state until this year. 1913 marked the high record, the state tax for that year being \$5,589,520.78.

One rural route out of Albion, Battle Creek and Marshall postoffices has been ordered abandoned June 1. In each instance the services of the oldest carrier under civil service will be dispensed with.

Governor Ferris Wednesday issued his Memorial day proclamation, urging the observance of Sunday, May 30, as Memorial day and suggesting that as a part of the public exercises bells be tolled for five minutes at noon, that flags be placed at half-mast, and that comrades stand with uncovered heads during this period.

The Pere Marquette's suit to restrain enforcement of the state's new fare law will be heard in district court at Grand Rapids, July 1, attorneys for both parties have agreed. It was originally set for May 26.

E. E. Scribner, superintendent of the public schools of Ishpeming, dropped dead of heart disease Tuesday just as he was entering one of the schools. He was known all over the country as a manual training expert.

## LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

MEMBERS OF BOTH HOUSES RETURN TO KNOCK OUT GOVERNOR'S VETOES.

### VERY FEW SOLONS ABSENT

Republican Legislature Gets Busy to Set Aside Disapproval of Democratic Governor of Measures.

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing—Ninety members of the house and thirty senators responded to Governor Ferris' call and returned to Lansing for the purpose of repairing the defect in the appropriation for the state highway department so the money for road construction will be available this year, and after remedying the error in the highway bill they proceeded to pass five bills over the veto of the chief executive, thereby establishing a precedent without parallel in the history of Michigan.

Some twenty-five years ago the legislature adopted the system of a business adjournment about three weeks before the final adjournment in order that the governor might have an opportunity to review the mass of bills passed during the closing hours. Since then it has been the custom for practically all of the lawmakers to desert the state house on the day of the business adjournment and less than a dozen generally returned for the final windup.

Therefore it has been possible for governors to veto bills passed during the latter part of the session and no attempt has been made heretofore to pass them on the date of the final adjournment.

This year, however, a new situation was presented. In order to show their loyalty to the state, the members of the legislature were morally bound to return and rectify the mistake in the highway appropriation bill. They paid their own car fare this time as they had previously received their mileage. The entire upper peninsula delegation with the exception of Rep. Symonds of Menominee and Rep. Nelson of Gogebic was present.

By having a two-thirds majority present in each house and voting on strictly party lines the republican members could pass any bill over the veto of the democratic governor, and the only measure that smacked of partisan politics they proceeded to pass with great gusto.

The governor voiced his disapproval of Senator De Land's bill providing that the secretary of the senate and clerk of the house should devote all their time to these positions and should be compensated at the rate of \$2,500 per annum. The governor was of the opinion that this bill was designed to give good jobs to a couple of republicans and on the ground that it was an unnecessary proposition he declined to sign it. However, Senator James A. Murtha, of Detroit, the democratic leader in the senate, was one of the authors of the bill and he defended it Wednesday afternoon as a meritorious measure. He pointed out that the governor could take no offense if the legislature refused to agree with him on all propositions and he urged his colleagues to support the measure. Twenty-four of them rallied to the support of the bill, two more than the required number and it was hastily sent over to the house where it was passed by a vote of 79 to 10. Rep. Moore, the democratic leader in the house branded it as a political measure and urged its defeat but the republican machine was in good working order and the bill was quickly placed on final passage.

Both Pierce and Alward are veterans in their respective positions and each has been prominently identified with the affairs of the republican party. Each has been secretary of the republican state central committee and Alward served several years in Washington as one of the assistant secretaries of the senate. For several sessions Pierce has been clerk of the house and Alward is a veteran in his position as secretary of the senate. It is claimed that the De Land bill will facilitate the work of the next session, as much of the work of preparation will be accomplished by the secretary and clerk before the arrival of the lawmakers.

Although Gov. Ferris vetoed Rep. Dalgear's bill exempting fresh fruit and vegetables from the provisions of the net weight law, Dalgear succeeded in mustering 81 votes in support of the bill and it was put through the house in whirlwind style. The senate approved it by a vote of 27 to 2 and it will become a law despite the objection raised by the governor that it conflicts with a recently enacted federal statute.

As the result of the action of the legislature in passing Senator Covel's bill over the executive veto, Oakland and Lapeer counties will be separate circuits. After this bill had passed the legislature it was vetoed by the governor on the ground that there would not be sufficient work for a circuit judge in each county. He said that under the provisions of the Foster bill providing for a presiding judge with power to send a judge from one district into another, the condition in the Oakland-Lapeer circuit, where it is claimed there is too

Glen R. Munshaw, supervisor of the field division of the public domain commission, in his annual report filed with the commission shows that \$3,791.42 was collected for trespass upon state lands during the last fiscal year. The money was divided as follows: for trespass upon state tax homestead lands \$1,087.91; state swamp lands, \$20; agricultural college lands, \$1,021.76; state forestry lands, \$1,506.75; state tax lands, \$165.

Supervisor Munshaw says that the constant watch maintained by the trespass agents has made it almost much work for one judge, would be remedied.

However, Senator Covel said that the entire bar of Oakland county had endorsed the proposition and Speaker Charles Smith of Lapeer made a strong appeal for it in the house. The senate overrode the governor's veto by a vote of 25 to 6 and the house passed the bill 86 to 1. Rep. Moore of Lenawee registering the only dissenting vote.

Rep. Ashley's bill taking the appointment of members of the Detroit board of health away from the governor and returning it to the mayor of Detroit, was vetoed by Gov. Ferris on the ground that the appointment of members of the Detroit health board should be removed from local political influence. Rep. Ashley said that the present law, a relic of the old upper legislature, passed to prevent Hazen S. Pingree, as mayor of Detroit, from naming some of his friends on that board. He told how a delegation of anti-Pingree men from Detroit came to Lansing during a session of the legislature twenty years ago when the constitution permitted the passage of local acts and put the bill through in a few hours before the Pingree forces knew what was going on.

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The argument made by Rep. Ashley in the house and Senators Ogg and Verrier in the senate was to the effect that the present law violated all the traditions of home rule. Evidently these arguments had their effect for the house put the bill through 86 to 1 and the senate approved it 26 to 3. Senator Murtha made a fight to prevent its passage through the senate but his republican friends refused to heed his arguments.

By a vote of 79 to 10 the house passed over the governor's veto, Rep. O'Brien's bill making repairs on an automobile by a garage owner a lien against the machine, and the senate concurred in the action of the house by a vote of 23 to 5. The governor refused to sign Rep. O'Brien's bill on the ground that it would place motorists at the mercy of unscrupulous garage owners.

Rep. Culver's bill providing for a school board of seven members in the city of Detroit, passed the house 81 to 6 over the governor's veto, but it was tabled in the senate. Rep. Clark's bill making a technical amendment to the drain law was vetoed by the governor but the representative from the second Ingham district succeeded in getting it through the house again by a vote of 83 to 1. No action was taken on this measure by the senate.

After Rep. Robertson succeeded in getting the house to pass his bill over the governor's veto the senate refused to concur and as it received only three votes in the senate it is officially dead. This bill provided that permits for plumbing could be issued by the board of public works of a city instead of the local board of health.

The governor's memorial day proclamation reads as follows: "Now I hear his whistle; now I hear his song; now I hear the music of his horse's hoofs. He has said his last good-bye to the old home. That was five years ago. All this comes to me through the magician called Memory. On Memorial Day I shall place flowers on his grave. Just a few of the 'boys in blue' linger to recall the Civil War scenes. Only a few more years, at the longest, are theirs to live. I am sure that the boys and girls of this, the best nation on earth, have sufficient patriotic love to crave the privilege of decorating with a flower the person of every living member of the Grand Army of the Republic and every living Spanish War Veteran. Remember the dead, although they cannot acknowledge your flowers. In all the years to come the graves of our dead patriots can be decorated; but only for a few short years can we gladden the eye and shake the hand of the veteran. When we place flowers on every grave, when we speak graciously of the dead, we give most joy, most sympathy to those who remain to love, in memory, the dead."

"On Memorial Day we are sure that the immortal Lincoln and the armies of the South could with us assemble on one great camp ground, they would join in one great chorus for universal peace and good will."

"Therefore, I, Woodbridge N. Ferris, Governor of the State of Michigan, do hereby issue this my Proclamation, and heartily urge the observance of Sunday, May 30, 1915, as Memorial Day."

"As a part of the public exercises of Memorial Day, I suggest that bells be tolled from 12:00 o'clock noon until 12:05; that flags be placed at half mast, and that comrades stand with uncovered heads during this period."

The Michigan legislature passed the following resolution introduced by Rep. Empson of Delta county: "Whereas, our President is, at the present time, confronted with questions of most serious import such as but few of our Presidents have been called upon to face;

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives, (the Senate concurring), that we express to him our utmost confidence in his judgment and pledge the hearty support of the people of the State of Michigan in any action he may deem necessary to maintain the honor and integrity of our great nation;

Resolved further, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives be instructed to send to him an engrossed copy of these resolutions.

Impossible for any great amount of trespassing to be done without immediate discovery. He says that the prosecutions that have been made have had a deterring effect upon those who have been inclined to steal timber from state lands and the number of prosecutions has fallen off considerably in the last year.

During the same period exchanges have been authorized by the commission which will, if the applicants furnish the necessary title to the lands offered, add approximately 8,980 acres to the state's holdings.

## ITALIAN FORCES ALREADY LARGE

Nearly Million First Line Troops  
In Position to Take  
the Field.

### ENORMOUS ARMY TO FOLLOW

General Zupelli, Minister of War, Has Been Making Preparations for Some Time—Capitulation of the Strength of King Victor Emmanuel's Forces.

Rome—While the general mobilization order will bring about 3,000,000 men to the colors within a month, it is known that Italy will start the war with about 700,000 first line troops. At the outbreak of the European war the Italian army consisted of 300,000 men, the classes with the colors being those of 1901, 1902 and 1893. After the war started two more classes, including about 250,000 men, joined the colors. Various other changes recently made under orders from General Zupelli, the minister of war, brought the strength up to 700,000 men.

It is likely that the army will be under the direct command of General Canova, who led the Italian forces in the conquest of Tripoli, or Gen. Count Cadorna, the chief of the general staff.

Italy's first move on land is likely to be against the Austrian frontier. Large numbers of her troops are mobilized in this territory, and the forces of Austria-Hungary are lined up on the other side of the boundary. The very mountainous character of the southern part of the Austrian Alps promises fighting of the most difficult nature. For several weeks past both armies have been engaged in fortifying each side of the dividing line.

### Will Prolong the War.

Washington—So far there are no signs that the entrance of Italy into the war has produced the ardently hoped for psychological moment for bringing the war to an end. The peace advocates expected that if Italy decided to remain neutral the allies would regard the prolongation of the contest futile; that if Italy joined

the allies Germany would throw up the sponge. Now that Italy has cast its lot with the allies, Germany seems as far as ever from conceding eventual defeat.

"The action of Italy will only prolong the war and postpone German victory," said one of the most prominent officials of the German embassy at Washington. "Germany is fighting a war of defense, and will be successful in keeping her territory free of invaders, no matter how many enemies combine against it."

"The question of peace is only the question of Germany's enemies perceiving and realizing the futility of further wasting of men and money to attain their ends."

The Germans and Austrians are confident that Italy will cause them little trouble. They say that the Austrian fortifications and 800,000 men will be sufficient to check the Italian attempt to invade Austria. Austrian and German officials pronounce the fortifications on the Italian frontier impregnable.

American military experts are speculating upon the possibility that Germany will invade Switzerland in order to combat Italy more effectively. Switzerland unquestionably would consider such invasion a violation of neutrality analogous to the German invasion of Belgium in the effort to outflank the French.

The charge has been made that Austrian and German plans for the invasion of Switzerland were drawn up more than a year ago.

Inasmuch, however, as Switzerland has an army of 500,000 and a strategic position on the German frontier, it is regarded as unlikely that the kaiser will permit any disregard of Swiss neutrality.

### EFFEL TOWER IS TARGET

Bomb Intended for Paris Landmark Falls in Seine—French Repel German Aeroplanes.

Paris, May 24.—German aviators flew over Paris at dark in an aeroplane disguised as a French machine. Because of the disguise the French air scouts allowed it to pass the frontier, believing that it was one of their own aeroplanes. Flying high over the city, the German aviators dropped three bombs. One of the bombs fell in the Seine close to the Eiffel tower, another on outbuildings of the Bon Marche store and the third in Rue St. Charles. All three bombs were ineffective and virtually no damage was done. The German aeroplane was driven off.

## LAND AND NAVAL FORCES THAT ITALY INSTANTLY CAN PUT IN ACTION

ARMY.	Present Minimum.	Maximum.
Permanent army	515,000	734,401
Mobile militia	245,000	320,170
Territorial militia	340,000	2,275,631

Total 1,100,000 3,330,202

Four armies have been organized, each of two to four army corps and one cavalry division. An army corps contains two regular divisions, or two and an extra mobile militia division. In the first case its strength is 25,000 men, with 104 guns and 18 machine guns; in the second case, 37,000 men, with 134 guns and 26 machine guns.

Strength of first line, 700,000. This consists of 14 army corps, with 26 Alpine battalions, 38 mobile militia companies in the second line, and 26 Alpine battalions in the third line. Behind the foregoing are 84 mountain batteries, six battalions carabinieri and 23 battalions customs guards, with militia formations behind them.

Analysis of the three lines: Battalions of infantry 824 Batteries of field guns 365 Squadrone of cavalry 180 Batteries of fortress artillery 475

The infantry is armed with the Mannlicher-Carcano 6.5 mm. magazine rifle, pattern '91. The cavalry is armed with carbine of same caliber and pattern. One hundred field batteries had the 75 mm. rapid-fire Krupp, but most of them have been replaced by the Deport gun of same caliber, pattern 1911. Siege guns include 9, 12 15 cm. guns and 15 and 21 cm. howitzers and the new 30 cm. howitzer recently successfully experimented with at Genoa. There is also a machine gun of a new pattern capable of discharging 1,400 shots a minute.

### NAVY.

Dreadnaughts—Giuseppe Mazzini. Each of these four ships is 656.1 feet long, has 28,000 tons displacement and carries eight 15-inch guns.

Andrea Doria. Each of these five ships is 554.5 feet long, has 22,340 tons displacement and carries thirteen 12-inch guns.

Caio Duilio. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Conte di Cavour. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Leonardo da Vinci. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Giulio Cesare. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Dante Alighieri. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Battleships—Roma. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Napoli. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Victoria Emanuele III. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Regina Elena. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Regina Margherita. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Benedetto Brin. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Ammiraglio di Saint Bon. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Emmanuel Filiberto. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Sardegna. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Sicilia. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Re Umberto. Each of these four ships is 435 feet long, has 12,425 tons displacement and carries two 12-inch and twelve 8-inch guns.

Armored Cruisers Length—feet. Guns.

San Marco 429.8. Four 10-inch

San Giorgio 429.8. Four 10-inch

Amalfi 428.5. Four 10-inch

Pisa 428.5. Four 10-inch

Francesca Ferruccio 344.5. One 10-inch, two 8-inch

Vesuvio 344.5. One 10-inch, two 8-inch

Giuseppe Garibaldi 324.7. One 10-inch, two 8-inch

Carlo Alberto 324.7. One 10-inch, two 8-inch

Vittorio Pisani 324.7. One 10-inch, two 8-inch

Marco Polo 327. One 10-inch, two 8-inch





## Memorial Day Lessons

THE survivors from a great tragedy are always looked upon with interest, especially when years have passed since the event. This disposition of the public will explain a part of the attention which will be given to the Grand Army on Memorial day. The men who will ride or march on that day are survivors of a war which to the younger generations has become almost ancient history. They are all old men, though many of them will not admit it.

There is this strange thing about the celebration of the day. The Civil war, before it ended, an anti-slavery war, but the men who were prominent in the anti-slavery movement will not appear in the processions. They are gone. One can almost count upon his fingers those who remain. But the men who fought the battles that were brought on by their agitations still live, by hundreds of thousands.

The explanation is a simple one. The anti-slavery agitators were mature men—some of them old men. The Civil war was fought, largely, by young men and youth. More than 800,000 enlisted at seventeen or below that age; more than 2,000,000 were not more than twenty-one. Only 618,511 were twenty-two and above, and only 48,026 of these were twenty-five or above.

And so it happens that among the marchers will be seen many who, nearly fifty years after the close of the war, will not appear to be old. So, also, it happens that the pension rolls contain the names of more than 400,000 veterans of the Civil war, who are still living.

If one cares to compare these selected men with those who were rejected as physically unfit or defective, he will be interested in noticing the Grand Army button on the lapels of the coats of gray-headed men, as he passes them in the street. The little bronze button, or the smaller red, white and blue button of the Royal Legion, appear very frequently, and that in spite of the fact that hundreds of thousands of the men selected as fit were killed in battle or died of wounds during the war, and many others have since died from disease contracted during the contest.

The youthfulness of those who made up the army of those days suggests a thought not often made prominent in discussions of the pension question. While a pension is not designed to recompense pecuniary losses incurred by the pensioner in his service, it is well to remember that the boy or young man, from sixteen to eighteen, who left school for three years in the formative period of his life, was never able to make up what he lost in education, and that those who were above eighteen, many of whom were just taking the first steps in promising careers, by giving up their opportunities lost their chances in life. The procession closed up, and when they returned at the close of the war they were obliged to take a place in the rear, if they got into it at all.

Decorations of the graves of the fallen heroes of the civil strife and of those who have subsequently joined the ranks of the departed in the noblest war that has ever been waged, is indication of the country's reverence for the valor of the slain

and appreciation of the vast bestowment that the blood of the fallen contributed to the nation and to the world. Freedom unfurled her banner once more, and this time it was over the gory fields of fratricidal warfare; this time it was not to the trumpeting of a declaration of independence, but to the sonorous sound of the proclamation of freedom for the servile classes of the population. The South was freed from its trammels and blossomed out as the section of the country most American and endowed with the greatest wealth of unrealized resources. The country blossomed out in the new power and influence of a union indivisible, of a house no longer divided against itself. The world paid tribute to the heroes of battlefields as sacred as any of those which, in Holy Writ, set forth the epochs in the progress of mankind in the theocracies of the past. Freedom had given it a new content and civilization had bestowed upon it a new dignity, and life and valor were given fresh glory in the tremendous struggle which is commemorated on Decoration day—the day of solemn march, yet of glorious recollection, the day when the tears of sad recollection are shot through with the rainbows of a perennial rejoicing.

The commission of liberty cannot be laid aside, even if the nation that has set up the standard of freedom for mankind could discharge its obligations to the world otherwise. Wherever there are oppressed there is felt the magnet of the influence of American freedom; and so from the self-afflicted land of Russia, from the life-burdened lands of Europe, come the slaves of oppression and of harsh discrimination, the subjects of the curse of inequality, that they may join in the song of those redeemed from such conditions or those whose brightness it is to enjoy life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. No wonder that the country is virtually at pause as the observation of the sacred day of reverence for the nation's slain uplifts to the view of mankind the dignity and power of ideals that are woven into the life and character of a free people. No wonder that from the highest to the lowliest of the officers of state and the citizens pay tribute to the men who remade the nation. Antisocialism, resentment, schism are all in the past and a united people rejoice in the outcome of a fiercely dividing struggle.

To the world of today, this great tragedy of half a century ago is but tradition and not a living memory, but the passing years can never efface that record from the very souls of those who went through that fiery furnace in the great struggle for the nation's life with its frightful toll of precious young lives sacrificed to the Moloch of one of the world's greatest wars. Costly indeed was the price with which the dawning peace was bought: Fourteen thousand men killed and wounded at Shiloh; 15,000 went down at Chickasaw; 12,000 at Antietam; and 13,000 more at Fredericksburg; 17,000 killed or crippled at Chancellorsville; 23,000 lives sacrificed on the field at Gettysburg; 16,000 at Chickamauga; 18,000 at Spotsylvania, while 17,000 fell in the Battle of the Wilderness.

In those four years of blood and carnage, 93,000 men perished by the bullet, 186,000 by disease, and 25,000 died from other causes—a total of

304,000 dead—one man for every nine who wore the blue.

From the lips of thoughtless youth we sometimes hear the flippant charge that the "old soldiers are still fighting the old battle of the Civil war," little realizing what they mean to the seared survivors of those epoch-making days.

Who that "marched with Sherman to the sea" can ever forget?

Who that came back from the slippery slopes of Gettysburg can ever forget the bloody tragedy which for three long days turned its peaceful quiet into a seething hell of shot and shell?

Who that witnessed the destruction by the Confederate army itself, of its last hope and stronghold, the city of Richmond, in that memorable April of '65, will ever forget the indescribable scene of horror, with the roar of an immense conflagration sounding in their ears, while the explosion of the gunboats shook the doomed city to its very foundation? Thirty city blocks swept out of existence by the spreading flames, 1,000 houses destroyed, while hundreds of hospitals and almshouse inmates were said to have been blown into eternity.

Such is war! God forbid that our land shall ever know another, but let us forevermore remain one people, loyal to one flag, and united in one earnest effort to make this nation the grandest ever risen on the tides of time.

Memories like these are ineffaceable, and who has a better right to live again—"fight" if you will—the battles of that fast-receding period, than the proud heroes of that day? But the honored ranks of that once powerful army are rapidly thinning. Day by day in ever increasing numbers slowly winds the funeral cortege through the streets of Washington to that vast, silent encampment on the wooded heights of Arlington, that consecrated spot whose silence is only intensified by the dropping of an acorn or the whirr of a wild bird's wing.

Not many are the years before other hands must deck our soldiers' graves with the flowers of spring, but when the last soldier of that great war shall have followed comrade and commander to that land which knows no bugle call to arms, may these lowly graves be still the shrine whereon an unforgetting people shall lay their tribute of bloom and blossom, and be forever guarded by that emblem of the world's best hopes, and the heritage of a people yet to be—that splendid, costly flag for whose

Every stripe of crimson hue, And every star on field of blue, Ten thousand of our brave and true Have laid them down and died.

**New Electric Bell.**  
An original electric bell combination is in use at Paris which is designed to get rid of all trouble caused by the question of batteries, for these are now lodged within the apparatus itself. The usual box bell shape is retained, but the arrangement of the parts is different in this case. All the magnet parts are now lodged under the gong itself, while the box being now left free, serves to contain a set of three dry battery cells which will last for several years. In this way there are no connections to be made between the battery and bell, and the wires and push-buttons are the only pieces which need to be attended to.—Scientific American.

### NO NATION FREE FROM SPIES

System Has Taken Such Hold That at Present It Is Practically a Universal Curse.

Spy stories have down thick and fast, reading like magazine fiction, yet a sufficient number of persons have been cast into prison or executed to give all needed realism to these tales. In London a citizen of Brooklyn, N. Y., is on trial for espionage. It is said that his arrest revealed the fact that

the most dangerous group of German spies have their headquarters in the United States.

This country has a secret service, it is true, but the complex, underground machinations which are so important to the statecraft of Europe at all times and so much relied on during the war, are known to us only through hearsay.

It would be easy to become a little puffed up by this. "We Americans and aboveboard. We do not work in the dark," is an obvious comment. Yet

espionage is the very natural outcome of the grinding contact of nation against nation as it prevails at all times. The spy as a type must be highly courageous and devoted to his cause.

It gives us a creepy feeling, just the same, to think that plottings and international intrigue may be going on in our busy and peaceful midst.—Detroit News.

Probably the most important woman's club is the rolling pin.

### CHANGES WROUGHT BY WAR

All Rules of Grammar Have Been Modified by the Contest of European Powers.

Language, like most everything else, is unable to escape from being conditioned and modified by war. Half our best metaphors are taken from war as it is used to be, and we still talk of nations "taking the sword," though that is just what they

never do, when "moving the howitzer" would be vastly more appropriate. Modern artillery has forced us to make a verb out of a noun and to permit our gunners to "shell" a place in defiance of all conceivable rules of grammar. We have forced "offensive" and "objective" to do duty as nouns in spite of the fact that they are plain and indubitable adjectives, and we freely "bombard," though it would be quite as reasonable for a pillow fighter to say he "pillowed."

Perhaps the most curious thing in

this connection is the way in which we have been driven back upon the old verb "fee." Before the era of the Zeppelin and the aeroplane we should certainly have said "The German fleet fees before the British," now we say it "flees," because "flying" seems to connect motion above the surface of the earth. There are a hundred subtle differences of this sort to which war has impelled us, and from which the most pedantic purist is totally unable to escape.—London Globe.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS

Detroit Stockyards Quarantined. Hoof and Mouth Disease.

### Live Stock.

DETROIT.—Cattle: Market steady; best heavy steers, \$8@8.50; best handy weight butcher steers, \$7.40@7.75; mixed steers and heifers, \$7.25@7.60; handy light butchers, \$6.75@7.25; light butchers, \$6.50@7; best cows, \$6.25@6.50; butcher cows, \$5@6; common cows, \$4.25@4.50; canners, \$3@4; best heavy bulls, \$6.25@6.75; hologna bulls, \$5.50@6. Veal calves: best, \$8@8.50; others, \$6@7. Sheep and lambs: Market steady; best lambs \$10.25; fair lambs, \$9@9.50; common lambs, \$6@7.50; fair to good sheep, \$6.50@6.50; culls and common, \$4@4.50. Hogs: Market 10c lower; few lights at \$7.50; bulk, \$7.55; few choice \$7.60.

EAST BUFFALO.—Receipts of cattle, 3,875; quality considered, the market was about 10c lower; choice to prime steers, \$8.75@9; fair to good, \$8.25@8.50; plain and coarse, \$7.60@7.85; choice prime handy steers, \$8@8.50; fair to good, \$7.50@7.75; light common, \$6.50@7; yearlings, \$8.50@8.75; prime fat heifers, \$7.50@8; good butchering heifers, \$7.50@7.75; light do, \$6.50@7; best fat cows, \$6.50@7; good butchering cows, \$6.25@6.50; cutters, \$4.50@5; canners, \$3@4; fancy bulls, \$6.75@7; best butchering bulls, \$6.50@6.75; good killing bulls, \$5.50@6.25; light bulls, \$5@6.

Hogs: Receipts, 16,000; market 10c lower; heavy, \$7.75@7.85; mixed and Yorkers, \$7.80@7.85; pigs, \$7.55@7.75.

Sheep: Receipts, 6,440; best dry lambs steady, grassy kind slow; sheep 25@50c lower; top lambs, \$10.75@11; yearlings, \$8.50@9.25; wethers, \$8.25@8.50; ewes, \$6@7.

Calves: Receipts, 1,000; market strong; tops, \$9@9.50; fair to good, \$8@8.75; grassers, \$4@6.

### Grains, Etc.

DETROIT.—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.52; July opened with a decline of 1-2c at \$1.25 1-2, and declined to \$1.24 1-2; September opened at \$1.25 1-2 and declined to \$1.21 1-2; No. 1 white, \$1.48.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 75 1-2c; No. 3 yellow, 1 car at 76c; No. 4 yellow, 75c. Oats—Standard, \$4 1-2@55c; No. 3 white, \$4 1-2c; No. 4 white, 53c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, \$1.17. Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$3.05; June, \$3.10.

Cloverseed—Prime spot, \$7.85; October, \$8.30; prime alsike, \$8.

Timothy—Prime spot, \$8.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$18@18.50; standard timothy, \$17@17.50; No. 2 timothy, \$16@16.50; light mixed, \$17@17.50; No. 1 mixed, \$16@16.50; No. 1 clover, \$14@14.50; No. 2 clover, \$12@13; rye straw, \$8@8.50; wheat and oat straw, \$7@7.50 per ton.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 156 lbs, jobbing lots: Best patent, \$7.90; second patent, \$7.70; straight, \$7.50; spring patent, \$6.10; rye flour, \$6.70 per bbl.

Feed—in 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$26; standard middlings, \$30; fine crackings, \$33; coarse middlings, \$32; cracked corn, \$33; corn and oat chop, \$30.

### General Markets.

Strawberries—24-quart cases, \$3@3.25.

Apples—Baldwin, \$3.75@4; Steele Red, \$4@4.50; Ben Davis, \$2@2.50 per bbl; western apples, \$1.75@2 per box. New Cabbage—\$3.25@3.50 per crate. Bermuda Potatoes—\$6.25@6.50 per bu.

Dressed Calves—Common, 10@11c per lb; fancy, 11 1-2@12c.

Tomatoes—Florida, \$4@4.25 per crate and 90c per basket. Southern Potatoes—Florida, \$6 per bbl and \$2.15 per bu.

Maple Sugar—New, 14@15c per lb; syrup, \$1@1.10 per gal.

Potatoes—Carlots, 35@38c per bu in sacks; from stores, 45c per bu.

Onions—Texas Bermudas, \$1.35 for yellow and \$1.50 for white per crate.

Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 14@15c; amber, 9@11c; extracted, 8@9c per lb.

Live Poultry—Broilers 1 to 1 1/2 lbs, 22@25c; hens, 16 1-2@17c; No. 2 hens, 13@14c; ducks, 15@16c; geese, 10@11c; turkeys, 18@19c per lb.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan flats, 14@14 1-2c; New York flats, new 17c; brick, 14 3-4@15c; Limburger, 16 1-2@17c; Imported Swiss, 25@26c; domestic Swiss, 19@20c; long horns, 17c; daisies, 16@16 1-2c.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 15c; No. 1 green, 13c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 15c; No. 1 green veal kip, 13c; No. 1 cured murrain, 12c; No. 1 green murrain, 10c; No. 1 cured calf, 15c; No. 1 green calf, 11c; No. 1 horsehides, \$3.50; No. 2 horsehides, \$2.50; No. 2 hides and No. 2 kip and calf 1 1-2c lower than the above; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 50c@52.

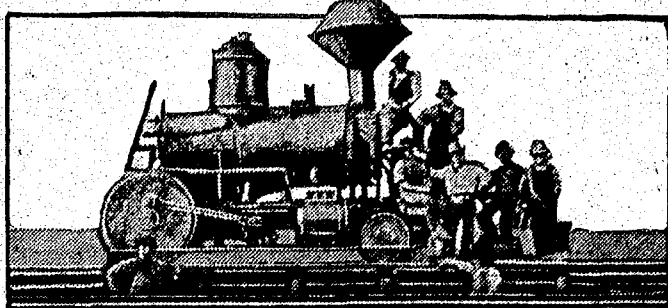
Mrs. Lina H. Wright, of Lewiston, well known throughout the state because of her activity in Sunday school work, is dead of typhoid fever at her home here, and her son is also seriously ill with the same disease.

The Grand Army of the Republic in Michigan will be but a memory inside of 15 years, according to State Adjutant Henry Spaulding, who places the number of deaths in the G. A. R. during the last year at 514, out of a total enrollment of 7,630 in Michigan Jan. 1, 1914.

Hillsdale Y. M. C. A. boys are making arrangements for a street carnival and circus Friday and Saturday nights, May 28-29. All of the talent will be local, including some of the college boys. The Y. M. C. A. put on a circus last year and it was quite a success.

While playing with a small lumber car on the Cummer Diggins tramway at Cadillac Arthur Baldwin, 12 years old, lost control of the car and it ran over the end of the tracks, hurling him 36 feet below, causing his death a short time afterwards.

## FIRST LOCOMOTIVE OVER THE SIERRAS



An Old Time Engine That Has the Distinction of Being the First Locomotive to Cross the Sierra Nevada Mountains.

The engine shown in the accompanying illustration, Old No. 4 as it is known, built in 1855, has the distinction of being the first locomotive to cross the Sierra Nevada mountains. For forty years an uninteresting junk heap, this engine has at last been rescued from a life of oblivion and re-

stored to its original dress in order to be an interesting feature of the railroad exhibits at the Panama-Pacific exposition. The old locomotive is of the wood-burning variety, with a diamond-shaped funnel, typical of the locomotive of that time.—World's Advance.

## FAMED AS PROMOTER

TEXAN BUILT RAILROAD ON A "SHOESTRING."

Colonel Uriah Lott Developed the Country and at the Same Time Made Fortune for Himself—His Achievements.

The recent death at Kingsville, Tex., of Col. Uriah Lott removed from the industrial life of South Texas one of the most remarkable railroad promoters who ever invaded Wall street with a financial proposition, says the Kansas City Star. He is said to have built more miles of railroad on a "shoestring" than any man in the country. About thirty-five years ago Colonel Lott found himself broke in the little town of Beeville, down in the Gulf Coast region of Texas, many miles off a railroad. Stripped of money, he was not exactly stricken of money, for he had enough in his pocket to pay his stage fare back to San Antonio.

He tossed up a 50-cent piece to determine whether he should remain in Beeville or hunt a new job elsewhere. The "new job" proposition won the toss. He returned to San Antonio and a few weeks later he began the construction of the San Antonio & Aransas Pass railroad. His entire borrowed capital when he started that project was \$50. He got hold of a few miles of old iron rails on credit, got enough money and land bonuses along the route to the proposed road to float the scheme, laid the second-hand rails on a makeshift roadbed and went to New York to complete the financial arrangements for constructing the road.

He bonded the first few miles of the road for \$40,000 a mile and sold the bonds to Wall street interests. With the proceeds received from these bonds the road was extended, and as fast as finished the bonding process was repeated. To make a long story short, Colonel Lott constructed a system of railroads more than seven hundred miles long, extending from San Antonio to Corpus Christi and Rockport on the coast, with other lines running to Houston, to Waco and to Kerrville. He came out of the deal a wealthy man. Along about the same time he constructed the Texas-Mexican railroad that runs between Corpus Christi and Laredo, 161 miles. This road is now a part of the National Railways of Mexico.

With the wealth that he had accumulated by his railroad building operations, Colonel Lott went to New York and opened an office on Wall street. He had a fine home on the Hudson river and was ranked well up among the men of finance. His New York experiences, however, were disastrous from a financial standpoint and in a few years he returned to South Texas, making his home in Brownsville.

It was Colonel Lott who "discovered" B. F. Yoakum, who has risen to a high position in the railroad affairs of the country. When the San Antonio & Aransas Pass railroad was under construction Yoakum was given the position of general manager of the property. He afterwards served as one of its receivers. When Yoakum became the head of the St. Louis & San Francisco he employed Colonel Lott to look after the preliminary work of building the St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico. This line was originally an independent proposition, but later became a part of the Frisco system.

In the latter years of his life Colonel Lott attempted to put through two or three railroad building schemes, but he found conditions so different from the old days that he was unable to consummate his plans.

**Bear Tries to Climb on Tender.**  
After a train on the Philadelphia & Reading railroad near Rupert, Pa., stopped to do some shifting near there the crew was surprised to see a big black bear trotting toward the locomotive. They shouted, but the animal came on and the men retreated to the top of the water tank.

Without stopping, Bruin ran to the steps and tried to climb up. They pelted it with coal, and Engineer David Hess gave the whistle a long toot. Apparently frightened, the big beast turned tail and disappeared in a thicket.

**Skidding Springs Wheels.**  
A skid against a curb, or a quick turn in a rut, may spring a wheel out of true and result in a wobble, which will cause irregular and rapid wear on the tire. This will often explain complaints of "a very poor tire."

**Whose Neglects.**  
Whose neglects a thing which he suspects he ought to do, because it seems to him too small a thing, is deceiving himself; it is not too little, but too great for him, that he doeth it not.—E. B. Pusey.

## RAILROAD FIGURES FOR YEAR

Interesting Statistics Recently Given Out by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Gross operating revenues of all the railroads of the United States (having annual revenues of \$100,000 or more) were \$3,047,019,908 in the year ending June 30, 1914, as reported by the interstate commerce commission. This sum is 14.3 per cent of the net investment of the roads on that date, amounting to \$16,936,697,940. Operating expenses were \$2,200,313,159, taxes \$139,591,520, and net deficit from outside operations \$1,490,095, leaving operating income of \$705,626,132, which is 23.1 per cent of gross revenues, and 4.16 per cent on the net investment in the railroads. Taxes took nearly 5 per cent of gross revenues and 16.5 per cent of net operating revenue.

The railroads paid in dividends 217 million dollars out of earnings and 162 1/2 million dollars out of accumulated surplus of preceding years.

The credit balance of all the roads at the end of the year was 925 million dollars, or 5.5 per cent on their net investment.

Increase in net investment during the year was 512 million dollars, including 198 million raised from new security issues, 392 million from cash or other working assets, 43 1/2 million from special appropriations and 4 million unassigned, with offsetting credits of 126 1/2 million for property retired or converted, and adjustments of various sorts.

Total mileage was 247,397 miles. In addition there was 27,604 miles of second track, 2,696 miles of third track, 2,071 miles of fourth, fifth and sixth tracks, and 97,333 miles of yard tracks and sidings.

The number of locomotives was 64,760; freight cars, 3,235,647; passenger cars, 53,468; company's service, 124,703.

Employees numbered 1,695,453, a decrease of 119,756 from the preceding year's record.

### The Man by the Side of the Track.

We have all seen him—usually a short, dark foreigner, holding a tool in one hand and grabbing at his headgear with the other as our train whirls by, covering him with dust, but not too busy to flash a smile in return for any chance salute. He is now an object of great interest at weighty railroad conferences. Eminent engineers and superintendents are planning about him—how to get and hold his loyalty, how to secure his best services. We hear of permanent employment, fair pay with two weeks' vacation, the best of tools, free land for garden patches, old ties for firewood and other privileges. Preference is to be given to the married man. We must win his respect and confidence by treating him on the principles of the Golden Rule. How wild all this must sound to any driving foreman of the sort that bullied gangs 15 to 20 years ago! If this keeps up we shall reach a condition of things in which it will be intolerable to be poor.—Collier's Weekly.

### America's Shortest Railroad.

The shortest railroad in America and at the same time one of the most profitable is the Grand Island railroad, which constitutes the only rail link in the transcontinental trade route that connects Fort McPherson, on the Arctic circle, with settled parts of Canada.

This curious railroad is owned and operated by the Hudson Bay company. It is a quarter of a mile long and cost less than \$800 to build, the rails being of wood, with strap-iron facings. The rolling stock consists of two dilapidated flat cars which are pushed by hand along the rails. The freight rate for all classes of commodities is \$2.50 a ton and some idea of the volume of traffic can be had from the fact that in its sixty years of operation the Grand Island railroad has earned profits of more than a million dollars.

**Engineer Operates Switch.**  
Without stopping his train an engineer can move a lever in his cab and open a recently invented switch to enable him to enter a siding, the switch automatically closing when the last car has passed over it.

**Momentum of Railroad Train.**  
The momentum of a modern twelve-car railroad train running a mile a minute is equal to that of a ton weight falling from a height of twenty-one miles.

**Historic Channel Islands.**  
The Channel Islands, which have belonged to England since 1066 are the only portions of the country now holds of the estates outside England owned by William the Conqueror.

**Oil-Burning Engines.**  
Oil-burner locomotives in operation at Buenos Aires have shown an economy of 20 to 30 per cent over coal.

The Tanganyika railway, crossing German East Africa, has been finished. It is 700 miles long.

"The last time I had a spell of sickness," stated J. Fuller Gloom, "I made the folks send for old Doc Bitters, who lives seven miles away and is a moss-grown bungler who hasn't learned anything worth mentioning of young Doctor Prissy, who resides right around the corner and graduated last year with high honors and is really a very bright young man and a highly competent physician. You see, noticing the latter's correct civil engineer whiskers, his profound respect for the dignity of his profession, and his persistent insistence on being addressed as 'Doctor,' with the accent on both syllables, I was so unwise as to ask him, a few days before my attack, if he used a fork with his knife when he performed a surgical operation. So, naturally, being of sound though pessimistic mind, I preferred to suffer in silence during the longer period necessary to get old Doc Bitters here than to call in young Doctor Prissy and learn the answer to my inquiry from a vulgar demonstration."—Kansas City Star.

### Ruse Saved Ship From Capture.

An effective ruse de guerre in the way of flag flying was that practiced in the Mediterranean by Lord Dundonald while cruising in the British ship *Speedy*. This little brig had captured so many of the enemy's merchantmen that a Spanish frigate was specially fitted out, disguised as a merchantman, to bring her to book. Dundonald, in order to deceive the merchant craft of the enemy, adopted similar tactics, and disguised the *Speedy* as a Danish merchant brig. The two disguised boats soon sighted each other. Dundonald at once gave chase, and discovered his mistake when the Spaniard suddenly revealed her true nature and started lowering a boat to examine the *Speedy's* papers. But Dundonald was equal to the occasion of detection. He hoisted the yellow flag—signal of distress. And when the Spanish boat was within hail an English officer in Danish uniform shouted that they were only two days out of Algiers. As the plague was raging in Algiers, the ruse was completely successful.

### Scientific View of Universe.

"Science," says one of the best known writers on astronomical problems, "regards with complacency the probability that there are regions in the universe where no organic life exists, stars which shine on no inhabited worlds, planets which nourish no animal creatures. The astronomical view of the universe is that it consists of matter in every stage of evolution; some nebulous and chaotic; some just condensing into stars (suns) of every magnitude and order, shaped into finished solar bodies surrounded by dependent planets; some forming stars that perhaps have no planets and will have none; some constituting stars that are already aging, and will soon lose their radiant energy and disappear; and some aggregated into masses that long ago became inert, cold and rayless and that can only be revived by means about which we can only form conjectures, but of which we actually know nothing."

### MARRIAGE SERMON MADE HIT.

Couple Interrupted Discourse on Subject in Maryland and Parson Tied Knot.

The regular service in the Baptist church at Frederick, Md., was turned into a wedding ceremony on Sunday evening when someone walked up the aisle and whispered in the ear of the pastor, Rev. George W. Whiteside, as he was in the midst of a sermon entitled, "Take Unto Thyself a Wife." The pastor nodded his head in answer to the whisper and a moment later Hillary C. Rockwell and Miss Nellie B. Barger walked to the altar and were married. The sermon was not finished.

### CLEAN SWEET SCALP

May Be Kept So by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

To have good hair clear the scalp of dandruff and itching with shampoo of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment to dandruff spots and itching. Nothing better than these pure, fragrant, supercreamy emollients for skin and scalp troubles. Sample each free by mail with Skin Book. Address Cuticura, Dept. XY, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.



## 4,000 GERANIUMS

ready for your selection—5, 10, 15 and 20c each; 50c, \$1, \$1.50 and \$2 a doz.

Cannas 20 and 25c each.  
2.00 and \$2.50 a doz.  
Silver Leaf Geraniums  
50c a dozen.  
Silver Alyssum, Coleus,  
Verbena, Snapdragon,  
Vinca Rosea, Ageratum,  
Lobelia, Stock,  
English Ivy, Petunia,  
Hiliotrope and many  
other plants.  
Peony Roots 35c each.  
Hardy Hydrangea 50c  
each.  
Hardy Spirea 35c each.  
Tomato and Aster Plants,  
Cabbage Plants, Forget-me-nots, Daisies.  
Come and see for yourself.

## Grayling Greenhouses

Greenhouses open from 6 a. m. to 6 p. m.  
Sundays and holidays to 9:30 a. m.

## BREAD WRAPPERS WILL NOT COUNT

### List of Contestants

Jack Brisboe ..... 90,605  
Milton Hathaway ..... 90,410  
Blanch Hodge ..... 13,945  
Earl Frary ..... 7,655

on the day of the 29th  
as it will take too  
much time to count  
them in the last minutes,  
but all coupons  
and books bought  
will count up to

4 o'clock, standard time, May 29th.

## Model Grocery and Bakery

## Rubber Stamps....

We have anything you may want.

You can improve your  
working efficiency in your  
office by using Rubber  
Stamps.

School Days are Coming to a Close.  
Mothers, attend to your  
Children's Wants

"Get the Habit. Go to Frank's"

Boys' Oxfords, \$2.50 value, patents or tans.....	\$1.69	Ladies' Gauze Vests, 10c value for.....	7c
Boys' Straw Hats.....	.25	Ladies' Gauze Vests, 12 1/2c value for.....	10c
Boys' Shirts and Waists, Dress.....	.25	Ladies' Gauze Vests, 15c value for.....	12c
Boys' Union Suits, you never saw better values		Ladies' Gauze Union Suits, fine, 23c &.....	33c
Boys' Suits, fine serge, 17 years, \$2.48 up to.....	\$5.00	Ladies' Gingham Dresses, \$1.25 value.....	90c
Five dozen Children's Dresses, 38c to Beautiful made, trimmed collars.....	.75	Ladies' Calico Dress, \$1.00 value, at.....	89c
One lot Misses' Tan Mary Jane Pumps \$1.75 value for.....	1.29	Ladies' Big Aprons.....	45c
One lot Childs' Tan Mary Jane Pumps \$1.50 value for.....	1.10	Ladies' medium size Aprons, 25c val.....	18c
One lot Children's White Barefoot Sandals at 90c to.....	1.48	One lot Ladies' White Wash Waists, \$1.50 value for.....	98c
All Florsheim Shoes \$5.00 and \$6.00 values, in blacks, tans, English or high round toe, for a short time only at.....	4.50	One lot Ladies' White Wash Waists, \$1.25 value for.....	79c
Men's Oil Grain Box Toe Shoe, \$2.50 value, at.....	1.98	One lot Ladies' Sample Shoes, gun-metals button, \$4.00 values for.....	\$2.75
Men's Elkskin Shoe, leather soles, \$2.50 value, at.....	1.98	One lot tan button Shoes, \$3.50 values for.....	2.25
Men's Vici Dress Shoe, \$3 value for.....	2.48	One lot Patent Mary Jane Pumps at.....	1.75
Men's Underwear, two-piece at.....	.45	One lot White Canvas Rubber Sole Oxfords at.....	1.69
Men's Underwear, two-piece at.....	.90	Ladies' and Children's Black Tennis Oxfords at.....	50c
Men's Union Suits, Porosknit, \$1.00 value for.....	.75	Ladies' and Children's White Tennis Oxfords at 75c and.....	85c
Men's Dress Shirts, 50c value for.....	.42	Percales, late designs at.....	12 1/2c
Men's good Work Shirts for.....	.38	Cotton Crash for Toweling at.....	4c
Men's Straw Hats 25c to.....	.50	Linen Crash gone up, worth 15c, at.....	12 1/2c
Men's Fine Straws \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.50 to.....	5.00	Summer Lawns, Polkadot Voiles, Crepe, Riplette, White and Blue Gingham.....	7c
Men's Work Hat 10c to.....	.50	\$1.25 Auto Coats at.....	.98
		7.00 Raincoats at.....	4.98
		5.00 Raincoats at.....	3.69

# Frank Dreese

Opposite Court House

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN

## Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months......75  
Three Months......40  
It is entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, MAY 27

## MEMORIAL AND DECORATION DAYS.

Program of Services to be Held Sunday and Monday.

Sunday morning Rev. Mitchell will preach a Memorial day sermon at the Methodist church. The members of the local G. A. R. will attend in a body.

On Sunday the ladies of the G. A. R., assisted by the ladies of the Ladies' National league, will render the following program at 2:30 p. m. at the Maccabee hall:

Instrumental solo, Selected  
Mildred Wibur.  
Reading, "The Old Fashioned Lady,"  
Verna Biggs.  
Recitation, "Our Flag,"  
Lucile Smith.  
Song, "He Was a Soldier of the U. S. A.," Edith and Lucinda Colleen.  
Recitation, "When I Was a Bad Little Boy," George Granger.  
Reading, Selected, Mildred Corwin.  
Vocal solo, Selected, Lillian Bates.  
Recitation, "A Token of Peace,"  
Letha Ketzbeck.  
Recitation, Selected, Metha Baker.  
Violin solo, "Calvary,"  
Marshall Holliday.  
Reading, "What Does it Mean to You?" Iole Granger.  
Song, "The Good Old U. S. A.,"  
Alan Mitchell.  
Recitation, "Cover Them Over,"  
Viva Hoelsi.  
Recitation, "Faded Coat of Blue,"  
Florence Corwin.  
Duet, "Let Them Rest,"  
Meadames Ellsworth and Bates.  
Reading, "The National Cemeteries,"  
Mrs. Melvin Bates.  
"America"

On Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C., with their flower girls and such other civic societies who wish to join, and the Grayling band will meet at the hall and march from there to the cemetery, where the graves of the deceased soldiers will be covered with flowers, and where the usual ritualistic ceremonies will be conducted.

**Decoration Day Programme.**  
As noticed in another column the ladies of the G. A. R. have arranged for their services at the cemetery in the forenoon and will give a dinner to all soldiers and their wives at noon.

In the afternoon at two o'clock the G. A. R. with the W. R. C. and their flower girls, the Cuban soldiers and other civic societies who wish to join, will be led by the Grayling band to the cemetery, where the graves of deceased soldiers will be decorated and the usual ritualistic ceremonies conducted.

On their return, supper will be served at the G. A. R. hall to all soldiers and their wives.

Now I hear his whistle; now I hear his song; now I hear the music of his hoofs. He has said his last good-bye to the old home. That was fifty five years ago. All this comes to me through the magician called Memory. On Memorial Day I shall place flowers on his grave. Just a few of the "boys in blue" linger to recall the Civil War scenes. Only a few more years, at the longest, are theirs to live. I am sure that the boys and

girls of this, the best nation on earth, have sufficient patriotic love to crave the privilege of decorating with a flower the person of every living member of Grand Army of the Republic and every living Spanish War Veteran. Remember the dead, although they cannot acknowledge your flowers. In all the years to come the graves of our dead patriots can be decorated; but only for a few short years can we gladden the eye and shake the hand of the veteran. When we place flowers on every grave, when we speak graciously of the dead, we give most joy, most sympathy to those who remain to love, in memory, the dead.

On Memorial Day, we are sure that the immortal Lincoln and the armies of the North and the armies of the South could with us assemble on one great camp ground, they would join in one great chorus for universal peace and good will.

Therefore, I, Woodbridge N. Ferris, Governor of the State of Michigan, do hereby issue this my Proclamation, and heartily urge the observance of Sunday, May 30, as Memorial Day.

As a part of the public exercises of Memorial Day, I suggest that bells be tolled from 12:40 o'clock noon until 12:55; that flags be placed at half mast, and that comrades stand with uncovered heads during this period.

WOODBRIDGE N. FERRIS, Governor.

Correct filling of all prescriptions is what our customers get every time. Central Drug Store.

**Yes—Many People**  
have told us the same story—distress after eating, gases, heartburn. A **Renall Dyspepsia Tablet** before and after each meal will relieve you. Sold only by us—25c.

A. M. Lewis & Co.

**Lame Back.**  
Lame back is usually due to rheumatism of the muscles of the back. Hard working people are most likely to suffer from it. Relief may be had by massaging the back with Chamberlain's Liniment two or three times a day. Try it. Obtainable everywhere. Adv.

### Lovells.

Miss Alice Carrière has been employed at the Douglas house for the season.

Mr. Decker, manager of the Grayling garage made a hasty business trip to Lovells one day last week.

Mr. Dodge very unfortunately cut the end of one of his fingers off while working last week.

Miss Hannah Johnson is working at "The Underhill."

Mrs. Griswald and little son is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Caid.

Judson McCormick returned from Harper hospital, Detroit, fully recovered from the operation he underwent while there.

Mrs. Jos. Douglas of Grayling has moved her household goods here and at present is staying with Mrs. Simms until she can take possession of her cottage.

R. Squire and a party of eleven have occupied one of the Douglas cottages and despite the bad weather have had good catches of fish.

R. C. Floeter was in Lovells on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Schmidt and children of Grayling were guests at the Douglas house Sunday.

Among other guests at the Douglas house last Sunday were Henry Bauman, wife and daughter, Oscar Hanson and little daughter, Mrs. Rickard, Holger Hanson, Axel Michelson and Mrs. T. Hanson of Grayling; Mr. and Mrs. MacLay of West Branch and Mrs. Stephens of Waters.

C. Dreschers, Henry Kramer and C. Herman of Bay City are here doing the carpenter work on the new club house.

F. R. Deckrow and Al. Kramer of Grayling did some work for T. E. Douglas last week.

C. F. Underhill has a goodly number registered at the Underhill Club.

Last Friday evening a very enjoyable dancing party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Caid. About eleven o'clock a delicious lunch of salad, sandwiches, ice cream, cake and coffee was served to the guests, who declared at leaving, a most delightful evening spent.

The cement work on the Douglas house has been practically completed and the building is rapidly progressing.

Virgil Caid went to Grayling to take the eighth grade examination last Wednesday.

Mrs. Lozo narrowly escaped a serious accident when she fell thru the boards covering an old well. She is very lame at present.

Our boys crossed bats with Lewiston again Sunday. It was a glorious game and we are bound to defeat them, although the score ended 11 to 3. But just wait till next time. Well I guess so!

The following is a list of guests registered at the Douglas house at present: Dr. Stienfeld, Herbert B. Snead and son and L. F. Snead, Toledo, O.; Jens C. Peterson, Traverse City, Mich.; M. Van Meter, Cadillac, Mich.; Geo. L. Schuman, John W. Platt, Russell P. Sullivan and J. W. Shearer, Pittsburgh, Penn.; Chas. M. Norton H. B. Morgan, Lansing, Mich.; J. W. Spicer, Detroit, Mich.; F. C. Finkenstaedt, C. Gregory, C. A. Osgood and F. H. Mason, Bay City, Mich.; A. H. Marks, C. Jones and J. Raymond, Akron, Ohio; L. Perrine and W. F. Abel, Cleveland, Ohio; Chas. O. Nash and W. A. Tateum, Grand Rapids, Mich.

### How Mrs. Harrod Got Rid of Her Stomach Trouble.

"I suffered with stomach trouble for years and tried everything I heard of, but the only relief I got was temporary until last spring I saw Chamberlain's Tablets advertised and procured a bottle of them at our drug store. I got immediate relief from that dreadful heaviness after eating and from pain in the stomach," writes Mrs. Linda Harrod, Fort Wayne, Ind. Obtainable everywhere. Adv.

### Do Not Gripe

We have a pleasant laxative that will do just what you want it to do.

**Renall Orderlies.**  
We sell thousands of them and we have never seen a better remedy for the bowels. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

A. M. Lewis & Co.

## WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No advance taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

FOR SALE—House and lot on South side. Mrs. Geo. Mallinger. 5-27-tf

TEAM OF HORSES for sale on trade or cheap for cash. Nemesis Nielsen. 5-27-3.

WANTED—Position to do housework. Call at this office or phone 1112.

BINDER FOR SALE—On account of my old age will dispose of my McCormick binder. Practically new. Call and see it. John A. Johnson.

DEATH TO DOGS—trespassing on "The Roger Sherman Fur Farm". Chain them up!!! Keep them home!!! No hunting!!! No trespassing on this farm. 1t.

FOR SALE—My house and lot on Peninsular avenue. Inquire of Mrs. H. Joseph. 5-20-tf

FOR SALE—Automobile, 14 horsepower. Inquire of Fred Hanson. 5-20-tf

FOUND—2 stray horses, Tuesday, a chestnut mare and a black horse. Inquire of N. P. Olson, Livery stable.

FOR SALE—Cement house blocks, cemetery and porch blocks. Have a large supply on hand. Inquire of M. Dupree. 5-13-3

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—On a small farm near Elwell. Mr. David Inman, Elwell, Mich. R. F. D. 2.

WANTED—Clean cotton wiping rags. Will pay 5c per pound. Avalanche office.

FOR SALE—Village lots; 65 acres good farm land; good work team, age 7 and 8, weight 3,000; new wagon, etc. C. S. Barber, Frederic, Mich. 4-29-5.

TO RENT—One or more furnished log cottages on bank of AuSable river. \$1.00 per day. Special price for longer period. One cottage fitted with cook stove. John Stephan. 4-29-4

PUMPS and REPAIRS—Full stock on hand. Come in and see my line. Frank Deckrow.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.  
Lubert A. Sanderhoff, Complainant,

vs.  
Otto J. Willer, Nellie Willer, Christof Schultz, Rosa Schultz, August Gatzke, Louis F. Hopkins and Reginald Winstone. Defendants.

34th Judicial Circuit. In Chancery. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford. In Chancery at Grayling village on the first day of May, A. D. 1915.

In this cause, appearing by the return of the Sheriff of said County to the Subpoena issued herein and by the affidavit of Geo. L. Alexander, of counsel for said complainant, that a subpoena to appear and answer has been duly issued in this cause but could not be served upon any of the said defendants in said cause, for the reason that they and each of them reside in the city of Chicago and state of Illinois:

On motion of Geo. L. Alexander, of counsel for complainant, it is ordered that the appearance of the said defendants, Otto J. Willer, Nellie Willer, Christof Schultz, Rosa Schultz, August Gatzke, Louis F. Hopkins and Reginald Winstone be entered within four months from the date of this order and in case of their appearance, or of the appearance of either of them, they, or the one appearing, cause their, his or her answer to the bill of complaint to be filed and a copy thereof served upon the solicitor for the complainant within fifteen days after service upon him, her or them or his, her or their solicitor of a copy of said bill, and in default thereof that the said bill be taken as confessed by the said defendants, Otto J. Willer, Nellie Willer, Christof Schultz, Rosa Schultz, August Gatzke, Louis F. Hopkins and Reginald Winstone.

And it is further ordered, that the said complainant cause this order to be published in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that such publication be commenced within twenty days from the date of this order, and that such publication be continued therein once each week for six weeks in succession, or that the said complainant cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said defendants, Otto J. Willer, Nellie Willer, Christof Schultz, Rosa Schultz, August Gatzke, Louis F. Hopkins and Reginald Winstone at least twenty days from the time prescribed for their appearance.

OSCAR PALMER, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Crawford County, Michigan.

JOHN T. MURPHY, Complainant's Solicitor.  
GEO. L. ALEXANDER, Of Counsel. 5-6-7w.

### Whooping Cough.

"When my daughter had whooping cough she coughed so hard at one time that she had hemorrhage of the lungs. I was terribly alarmed about her condition. Seeing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy so highly recommended, I got her a bottle and it relieved the cough at once. Before she had finished two bottles of this remedy she was entirely well," writes Mrs. S. F. Grimes, Crossville, Ohio. Obtainable everywhere. Adv.

## FOR SALE

C. C. Brack, of Detroit, Mich., offers for sale the following lands in Crawford county:

160 acres, sec. 9 town 26 N. R. 3 W.—\$5.00 per acre.

320 acres, sec. 21, town 26 N. R. 3 W.—\$3.00 per acre.

600 acres, sec. 23, town 26 N. R. 3 W.—\$2.50 per acre. Inquire of

GLEN SMITH  
Grayling, Mich.

## Quality Corsets

PARISIANA



CORSETS

IN THE WORLD FAMOUS

## PARISIANA CORSETS

you are sure to receive best quality in material, elegance in style, perfection in fit and comfort.

You get the experience of many years in the corset business. Their workshops are large, pleasant and comfortable, and not in the sweat-shop zone.

Come in and let us show you these elegant corsets.

## SALLING, HANSON CO.

The Pioneer Store

## TIRES VULCANIZED

Our new, modern vulcanizing plant is now open for business. The latest facilities and most modern methods known to scientists are employed in this plant.

All Work Guaranteed. Reasonable Prices

## Fischer's Vulcanizing Shop

Local and Long Distance Phone. Grayling, Mich.

## \$75.00 BUYS A BIG

## SAGINAW SECTIONAL BUILT GARAGE



We have smaller sizes at proportionate prices

This garage is complete in every detail. Comes to you in panels or sections, which are painted, nailed and fitted at the factory. It is portable or permanent as the owner desires. It is very easy to erect, goes up in less than four hours, dust-proof and substantially built. They can be made warmer in winter and cooler in summer. Buy a Saginaw Garage and save carpenter and contractor's expenses.

## The Saginaw Makes An Ideal Summer Cottage

We build them in various sizes for use as summer cottages, boat houses and a multitude of other things. Just think of a two or three roomed cottage on the lake-side that you can go to in the hot summer months to rest up. Here's your opportunity to secure one at a lower price than you ever dreamed of.

Saginaw Garages  
Saginaw Sectional Built Houses  
Saginaw Steel Built Silos

SOLD BY

A. J. CHARRON, FREDERIC, MICHIGAN

Our Want Ads Bring Results



**OUR  
SODA  
FINE  
DRINK  
IT!**



Yes, drink our quality soda. The flavors have a delightful, smooth richness, just the right taste you want. And the beauty of it is that our soda not only tickles the palate, but it is so pure and free from harmful ingredients that it helps the system. Hundreds of folks in town say our soda is the best ever. Plenty of room for all and prompt attention. Our drug store is the best for quick and good service.

**A. M. LEWIS.**  
THE BUSY DRUGGIST

## Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, MAY 27

### Local News

Call 1104 for fish worms. Harry Cook.

Mose LaSprance left for Detroit Sunday night.

Henry Gignac visited friends in Lansing over Sunday last.

Miss Nelson will make an official visit to Roscommon next week.

Harvey Wheeler is having a new barn erected on his premises on Ionia street.

Mrs. Lillian Bates left on a business trip to Cadillac last Saturday, returning home Monday.

Mrs. Rosa Watts, a former resident of this city arrived last Monday and is visiting old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Olson returned on Saturday afternoon from their honeymoon trip to Detroit.

Miss Helen Richardson and Edwin Blanchard of Roscommon were the guests of friends here one day last week.

Walter Hanson has resigned his position at the Salling, Hanson Co. warehouse, and Johannes Rasmussen is filling his place.

Postmaster John Hum has purchased the N. P. Olson house located on the school property and is having it moved to Park street.

Mrs. Ellen Smith, who was the guest of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Helen Haire for several days, returned to her home in Owosso on Wednesday of last week.

D. M. Markey, formerly of West Branch and well known in Grayling, has been re-elected grand commander of the Maccabee order for the state of California.

Mrs. Geo. Colladay of Roscommon visited her husband, who is employed in the mills at T-town here, over Sunday. She was a guest at the home of James Armstrong.

The Ladies' Aid will meet at the home of Mrs. Peter McNeven Friday afternoon, June 4th. Mrs. McNeven, Mrs. E. G. Shaw and Mrs. Geo. Willbur will entertain.

We found Jersey Brand ice cream at our fountain this year. This is a special high grade of ice cream; however our prices will be the same as before. A. M. Lewis.

Miss Floy Schneider, who has been the guest of Miss Metha Hatnh for a week, left Tuesday morning for Marion and Harrisville for a short visit before returning to her home in Saginaw.

The Board of Review of the township of Grayling will meet at the court house on Tuesday, June 8th, and also on Monday and Tuesday, June 14th and 15th, for the review of the tax roll.

Bandmaster Ed Clark received the following telegraphic message this morning: "You are appointed bandmaster to lead our Fire Department band. Wire reply." Signed Gene Mathis, chief of fire department, West Palm Beach, Florida. At this time Mr. Clark has not decided whether he will accept the offer or not.

Fire insurance is too cheap to be without. Why are you so negligent? GEO. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

Miss Mabel Kelley was the guest of friends in Bay City over Sunday.

Miss Irene LaSprance spent last Sunday at the Miss Ingle cottage at Portage lake.

Miss Bessie Murphy of Roscommon was a guest at the DeWaele home over Sunday last.

Ed Strell and a party of friends drove to Mancelona Monday evening in the former's car.

Miss Minnie Sherman, who attends high school here, spent Sunday at her home in Maple Forest.

Flowers and potted plants can be ordered at the Salling, Hanson Co. store. There are always some on display on the counter at this place.

Robert Haire, of last week of Hart Haire of this city, returned to his home in Alma, Michigan, last week, after a several days visit here.

Elmer Haire and family moved here the fore part of last week from Bay City and are occupying the new residence recently erected by Geo. Brocty.

Christ Johnson, who is at Brocty hospital with blood poisoning in his right foot, is recovering nicely and will soon be able to be out and around again.

The Grayling green houses are giving away geraniums for Decoration day. Call for free ticket at the Salling, Hanson company store and present same at the greenhouses.

Messrs. Elliott, Isaac and Miller of the M. A. Co., who have been surveying lands at Michelson, spent a couple of days here the fore part of the week, before returning to school.

Mrs. H. Burrows moved here last Monday from Flint, and with her son, Harvey, who is employed at the Mills market, is occupying the residence vacated by A. H. Brady, who has moved into the Scott Loader residence.

The store buildings occupied by DeWaele and Son, J. A. Holliday, the Central Drug store, Mrs. Crowley's millinery store and Hathaway's jewelry store, and owned by N. P. Olson and Miss Anna Olson have been nicely improved with new coats of paint.

Detroit has adopted eastern time, also Bay City and other cities. Reports from these cities indicate that the plan is a success and especially favored by the working men. This is bound to become state-wide, so why not Grayling get into the band wagon at once. It's coming sure.

Last Sunday being Whitsunday, the members of the Danish Young People's society met at 6:00 in the morning and went out into the woods to gather wild flowers with which to decorate the church for services. This is done annually, it being customary with the Danish people to gather wild flowers on this day.

Information has just leaked out that Dr. S. N. Insley has been honored by being elected a charter member of the American College of Surgeons.

Dr. M. T. Finney of the John Hopkins University is president. This is a special honor to Dr. Insley when it is learned that only five Michigan surgeons are members.

Six business and professional men of Hastings spent a few days at the Barber cottage on the South branch first of the week, returning home yesterday. The party was composed of W. R. Jamison, mayor; W. R. Cook, editor of the Hastings Banner; A. H. Carver, druggist; Dr. C. P. Latrop, A. C. Barber, and E. B. Caldwell. They report a fine outing and plenty of trout.

For First Class Livery and H-ay Work call Peter Jorgenson, Phone 1303. Open day and night.

Heavy frost last night reported in some sections of the county.

Attorney Harris, of West Branch was in the city on business yesterday.

Mrs. Ambrose Meistrup is visiting her parents in Bay City for two weeks.

Sheriff and Mrs. Cody returned Friday from a few days' visit at Bowen Falls.

Mrs. C. Curnalla of Roscommon was in this city Tuesday afternoon on business.

Mrs. Otto Roesser and son, Waldemar have gone to live in Saginaw for the summer.

Try our Jersey Brand ice cream; we guarantee it better than any cream you have ever used. A. M. Lewis.

Miss Neva Slade of Gaylord was a guest at the home of her brother, Guy W. Slade and family over Sunday.

George Hodge and Wm. VanPatten left last Thursday on a few days' fishing trip to Trout creek near Lewiston.

Chicken thieves are reported to have again visited the Burton house chicken coop; this time without success.

Miss Maude Tetu had her tonsils removed at Mercy hospital last Saturday morning. She is getting along nicely.

Roman Lietz and Ed Clark tell that they were visited by a big bear while fishing in the upper waters of the An-Sable one day last week.

Miss Helen Rivard returned to her duties at Mercy hospital Monday, after a few days spent at the Cephas Butties home at Lewiston.

T. W. Hanson returned home today, after a month spent in Mt. Clemens, taking bath treatments for rheumatism. He is much improved.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. McCullough, of Bay City were guests of relatives, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Jerome and Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Canfield, first of the week.

The buildings occupied by the A. C. Olson drug store and Mrs. Crowley's millinery store are looking very much improved by a fresh coat of paint.

Morris Burrows has returned and is once more ensconced in the Walter Cowell barber shop.

Working in Detroit since leaving Grayling.

The W. R. C. cordially invites all soldiers and their wives also the members of the Citizens band to a 6:00 o'clock dinner at the G. A. R. hall Monday, May 31st.

Fred Brockway, who has been employed at the Walter Cowell barber shop left this week for Walloon Lake, a resort near Petoskey, where has a position barbering.

The forty-first annual meeting of the Michigan Pioneer and Historical society will be held in the Senate chamber, Lansing, on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 2 and 3.

Mr. Pratt, of the firm Pratt, Bickel & Campbell of Bay City, was in the city Monday on business with E. H. Har-

Mr. Pratt is the architect who drew the plans for Mercy hospital.

Thomas Love of Cheboygan, who has been employed at the Model bakery for the past year left this week for Mackinaw Island, where he expects to work. Otto Rantenburg of Saginaw is filling his place at the bakery.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McNeven arrived on Monday afternoon from Flint to visit their sons, William, James and Peter McNeven and families for a time. The McNevens are residents of this city and are also visiting old friends.

Nice specimens of a buck and small deer were received here Friday by Game Warden Babbitt. The buck came from Ironwood, where it had been in captivity for several months; the doe came from St. Ignace. Upon arrival they were turned over to Capt. Case to be turned out on the Military reservation.

Last week John J. Niederer received acknowledgment of his report, relative to the annual tax sales for Crawford county. Auditor General Fuller in his letter stated that his was the first report received from any of the county clerks in Michigan, and that his record of being first for several years remains unbroken.

During the past week E. G. Shaw has been taking a vacation from his duties as agent for the Michigan Central station. He, with his wife, visited relatives in Pentwater and other places, making the trip overland by auto. During his absence G. R. Parish of Bay City has been taking his place at the depot.

Last Saturday evening, Mrs. Guy W. Slade entertained with a linen shower in honor of Miss Gertrude Ross. Miss Arvilla Jones, the winner of both prizes in unique guessing contests. There were about twenty ladies present and each left a donation piece of linen for the guest of honor. Very nice refreshments were served the guests before leaving.

Miss Floy Schneider was a guest of honor at a dancing party and luncheon last Thursday evening at Portage lake given by the young folks.

Dancing was being given at the Collen pavilion and afterwards a luncheon was served at the Foreman cottage. Everyone enjoyed the terrace very much and returned home in the small hours of the morning.

The illustrated lecture at the gymnasium last Thursday evening was not very well attended, but was very much enjoyed by those who were present as every part of it was very interesting. The lecturer, Christian Sorenson had several stereoscopic views, with which he illustrated his lecture. The most interesting of all were several views of the warring countries, and from these he talked on the cause of the war and gave sketches of some of the present time. Mr. Sorenson has traveled a great deal and seen much of the world. He is a member of the National Geographical society and a graduate of Wooster University. Those who were not present missed a rare treat.

Dan Moshier had intended to build a new home in the lot next to the Goupil house on Cedar street and while attempting to grade the terrace by filling in a low place, was stopped by the street commissioner and compelled to remove all the dirt that had been placed there. This greatly disappointed Mr. Moshier as he said he wanted to have a nice lawn there and as he was not permitted to have it he has given up the idea of building a home. He had the excavation partly finished and several loads of lumber on the ground. He says that he will now either build a new meat market building or move the old market building from their former home near the school house to the lot. He has an opportunity to lease the market for the period of two years.

Mrs. John H. Williams left Tuesday morning for a two week's visit in Detroit and Flint.

J. J. Manney and family are moving to Bay City. The household goods were shipped Tuesday.

L. H. Abrahams of Frederic, was in the city yesterday and attended the K. of P. meeting last evening.

Miss Mildred Graesly, telephone operator of the Roscommon exchange is visiting Miss Angeline VanPatten.

Mrs. Richard A. McPeak of Bay City is visiting at the home of her son and wife. Mr. and Mrs. Lester McPeak.

Car chestnut coal arrived yesterday and is ready for delivery at the lowest price for the summer. \$8.10 per ton. Phone 713 at once if interested. J. M. Bunting.

Vulcanizing and auto tire repairing. New supply of stock. Now is the time to get repaired tires. Harold Shingler, Beaver Creek. Phone 2 long 1 short 1 long.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Crowley left last night for Lansing on account of the serious illness of the former's sister, Mrs. Stephen Sullivan of Cheboygan, who died at Lansing Sunday.

Announcements have been received here of the birth of a little son, Clyde Elmer, on May 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Lecklider at Toledo, Ohio. Mrs. Lecklider was formerly Miss Edith Keller, and formerly resided here and is well known.

The Township board states that all rubbish that has been gathered up and placed in the roadways by noon Saturday at the cemetery will be "crawled away." After that time it will be too late and lot owners are urged to clean up their lots in ample time. The water pipes have been extended and faucets are within reach of every lot within two blocks, thus making water easy access.

Last Friday evening was Maccabee day in Grayling. The bees had been invited from the surrounding towns and a reception committee was appointed to meet the trains and escorted the visitors to the home of Mrs. Havens, where they were entertained until school closed, when they were marshalled to the lodge rooms. There were six hives represented, Vanderbilt, Gaylord, Grand Rapids, West Branch and Bay City. At six o'clock the refreshment committee invited the guests to the dining room, where a bountiful banquet had been carefully prepared. In the evening with a few guests from our own city they were entertained with a literary and musical program and the Maccabee drill. A pleasant evening closed with remarks from the visitors and all joined in singing "Blest Be the Tie that Binds." Before leaving light refreshments were served.

Miss Nelson, the visiting nurse, will close her work in this county next Sunday night. This week she has visited the schools in Lovells, Maple Forest and Frederic townships. Monday night she addressed an address at the business school and Tuesday night at Frederic. Both meetings were well attended. At the Frederic school she examined about 80 pupils. The remainder of the week has been spent in further examination of the pupils here. Miss Nelson will complete her work in this county by giving a review of the work done here. This meeting will be held at the Methodist church at 7:30 o'clock. Everybody is urged to attend this last meeting. The speaker stated that she would give an account of conditions as found here and that no matter who is present or how small the group, something in her system that she has to get out before leaving Crawford county. Next Sunday night at 6:30 o'clock at the M. E. church.

Several weeks ago the Avalanche offered to send this publication free for the remainder of life to the oldest continuous resident of Crawford county. To the second oldest we would send the paper three years and the third oldest, one year. The only contributor to such an arrangement was written by Mrs. Susan Funck of South Branch township. It is highly interesting and we are pleased to state that the manuscript is in her own hand writing, the penmanship being beautiful. The rhetoric, grammar and arrangement is just as it is written into this office and reflects great credit upon the writer. The story is extremely interesting and we know will be read with considerable pleasure by our subscribers.

The newly elected officers of the Eastern Star were duly installed last night and are as follows: worthy matron, Mrs. Laura Raai; worthy patron, M. A. Bates; associate matron, Ange Ashenfelder; conductress, Elsie Eshlin; associate conductress, Irene Burton; secretary, Mabel Brazier; treasurer, Esther Ellsworth; Ada, Beattie Failing; Ruth, Jeanette Matson; Esther, Grace Schumann; Martha, Edna Miles; Electa, Carrie Slade; Marshall, Nellie McNeven; warder, Lulu Matton; sentinel, William McNeven. Daring Worthy Matron Sarah Phelps acted as installing officer. At the close of the ceremonies Mr. Ellsworth, on behalf of the members, presented the retiring worthy matron with a handsome cut glass vase, in token of appreciation of her four years of service to the order. Also during the luncheon that followed, Luther Herrick, the retiring worthy patron was presented with a large size thermos bottle, the presentation being made by the new worthy matron, Mrs. Raai.

James Overton turned over his ownership to the Grayling opera house Monday morning to George Olson, who has now become the absolute owner. Mr. Olson has closed the house, to be re-opened next Saturday with the two reel feature, the "Twenty Million Dollar Mystery," and two other good reels. In the meantime the opera house is undergoing a complete overhauling. The seats were taken out and the floor scrubbed, and the balcony re-painted. New drapes will be placed at the windows and six electric fans are distributed throughout the lower floor and balcony. All seats will be securely fastened and three side lights will run full length of the room. An outside exit with stair leading to the street has been built from the balcony. Besides these improvements the stage and basement have had a thorough renovating. The yard around the premises has also been newly cleaned. Olson says that he expects to add more improvements in the future. He intends to devote his entire time to the business and assures the public the opera house will be kept clean and well ventilated and that he will keep the standard of his plays at top notch. We wish the new proprietor success in his new venture.

Mr. and Mrs. McKay of West Branch were guests of Mrs. T. W. Hanson over Sunday.

The Junior Aid will hold a fair and serve lunch all the afternoon of June 12th at the photograph gallery. Every one come and help the girls. 5-20-2.

The Grayling electric company has been making some decided improvements in their office by adding some fine glass wall cases with sliding doors, and also oak cabinets with drawers for containing supplies and appliances.

The ladies of the G. A. R. and the Ladies National league will meet at their hall over Petersen's store at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of May 31, to march to the cemetery for the decoration of graves and ritual services at the mound. Citizens are invited to attend these services. On the return to the hall dinner will be served. All comrades and their wives are cordially invited.

Rev. Fr. J. J. Riess has been honored to preach the baccalaureate sermon for the Frederic graduating class of 1915 next Sunday evening. It will be given at the opera house at Frederic and everyone is cordially invited. This is the first class to graduate from the Frederic school, as it is the first year that the school has consisted of the required number of grades. It boasts of three graduates.

What was intended as the last meeting of the K. of P. lodge for the season was held last night when the following were initiated into the third rank: Fred Alexander, Rev. Mitcheil, Glen Smith, Jap Smith, Peter Petersen, Chris Olson, and Emil Geigling. Following the meeting a banquet was enjoyed by the members, the same being prepared and served by and in the dining room of Ambrose McClain. The menu was one of the best ever presented at such a function in Grayling and consisted of twelve courses and was as follows: Sparkling wine was at each place at the tables when the guests were seated; canaps, consisting of a la Havenne, currie of fresh lobster in rice, russol mushrooms, sauted whitefish with potato chips, chicken Maryland with vegetables and coffee, strawberries smothered in pulverized sugar, ice cream, cake, fruits, nuts, candies and cigars. Six young men waited tables and the service was the best ever. About fifty sat down to the tables and did full justice to the elaborate and delicious banquet. The local lodge has been specially prosperous this season and now has a membership of over 100.

DETROIT AUTO IS WRECKED: FOUR HURT.

Fred Michelson and Others Have Narrow Escape Near Saginaw.

SAGINAW, May 25.—A five passenger automobile driven by F. E. Michelson of the Michelson Land & Home company of Detroit, was wrecked about 2 o'clock this afternoon a short distance north of the bridge crossing the Cass river about 12 miles south of Saginaw.

With Michelson were four other Detroit men, S. P. Miller of the S. P. Miller company; Jacob Wiest, of the Walter Thompson company; Louis Such, contractor, and W. W. Penoyer, also of the Michelson company.

Michelson had a steering wheel broken in two places; Suell, who was pinned underneath the car, was badly injured about 60 feet when the car struck the pole, but was unhurt, while Penoyer was rendered unconscious by the shock but speedily recovered, both men being able to walk about the hospital within an hour after being brought here. The condition of the other three is considered dangerous.

The party was enroute from Detroit to Houghton Lake, where they intended to put through a proposition for a summer resort and to enjoy fishing for a few days. They were traveling at high speed when they struck the bridge, which takes a very abrupt drop at the north end. Here the auto got away from Michelson and ran unsteadily for about 500 yards, striking a telephone pole alongside the road and breaking it off at the butt. The car turned over three times before it landed alongside the road, a mass of wreckage. The men were picked up and brought to St. Mary's hospital here in an interurban car and given attention.—Bay City Tribune.

Reports yesterday stated that the condition of Mr. Michelson was very serious, that there was a high temperature and pulse. This morning's reports, however, are more hopeful, and it is stated that all the patients are slightly improved. The father, N. Michelson, and brothers, Axel and Olaf, left immediately after the accident for Saginaw.

Dr. Insley of this city has been called to Saginaw and will have charge of Mr. Michelson's case.

## THE GRADUATE

perhaps more than anyone else can appreciate the possession of a good watch, because it is accepted, and is a reward for work well done and it will ever be treasured as a memento of happy school days.

The fact that a watch ticks, has a fancy dial and hands or a gold colored case, etc., does not indicate its value or reliability as a time-keeper. It takes more than these.

Hathaway's watches are reliable and have the personal guarantee of this store. Our stock is too large to list here, ranging as it does from the lower price watches to the R. R. grades, but price in every case is right.

May we have the pleasure of proving to your satisfaction the truth of the above, without obligation to you.

**C. J. HATHAWAY**

JEWELER AND OPTOMETRIST

GRAYLING, MICH.

We are going to talk **Shoes** to you this week

BECAUSE—

We carry the best and largest stock of shoes in the county; we sell shoes made of leather only, and we will guarantee our prices to be as low or lower than any store or catalogue house

Our Summer Stock is now Complete

For Men

Oxfords in tan, calf and gunmetal, in button or lace. Some dandy styles in the English lasts at \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50.



For Women

All that's new in ladies' Pumps and Oxfords in conservative styles; or, if you prefer Shoes, see the values we offer.

We have the best line of Work Shoes made. \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00

All leather or your money back.

SPECIAL SALE on odd lots of Ladies' Oxfords. You will find patents, kids, gunmetal and tan calf. Only a few pair of a kind, but all sizes in the lot.

For the girls, boys, small children and babies—everything in Footwear, and you can get better shoes for less money than elsewhere.

**Grayling Mercantile Co.**  
The Quality Store

**Test Us On This**

Even if the war and speculation have sent the price of wheat up we still carry our usual line of flour.

Best grades.

Test us on this and other things.

Orders carefully filled.

**DeWaele & Son**  
GROCERS

The Home of Good Things to Eat

**HOUSE CLEANING NEEDS**

We carry a full supply of just what you want. Look over the list.

**Furniture Polish, Handy Package Paint, China-Lac, Aluminum and Gold Bronze, LePage's Glue in tubes, strongest glue known, 10c.**

Furniture Paint  
Furniture Varnish  
Floor Paint and Varnish  
Interior Paint and Varnish  
House Paint, the Sun Proof, Screen Paint, black and green, Alabastine, regular shades and special deep colors, Carpet Beaters, Shino Dust Cloth and Shino Dust Mops, Dustless Mops and Oil, Wall Paper, Climax Wall Paper Cleaner, So-E-Zy Vacuum Cleaner, just the thing for tufted furniture and mattresses, it takes the dust out, \$1.75

**SPECIAL OFFER**—50c bottle Liquid with each L. V. Floor Mop, 75c.

**SORENSEN BROTHERS**  
The Home of Dependable Furniture

**The Crawford Avalanche**  
Crawford County's Home Paper  
Our advertisements bring results

**Once You Were a Kid!**

Don't deny the children. Give them plenty of crackers to nibble. Our crackers will fill the bill for the kiddies. We carry them in boxes and loose.

There's a snap in our store in many other things besides crackers.

We are receiving **FRESH STRAW-BERRIES** every day

**H. PETERSEN,**  
Your Grocer.



# BLACK IS WHITE

## BY GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON

### ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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AND COMPANY

#### SYNOPSIS.

In the New York home of James Brood, his son, Frederic, receives a wireless from him. Frederic tells Lydia, Desmond, his fiancée, that the message announces his father's marriage, and orders Mrs. Desmond to leave the house. Lydia and her mother, to prepare the house for an immediate home-coming. Brood and his wife arrive. Lydia, who has been living at first meeting, Brood shows dislike and veiled hostility to his son. Lydia and Mrs. Brood meet in the bedroom, where Lydia works as Brood's secretary. Mrs. Brood is startled by the appearance of Ranjab, a Hindu servant. She makes changes in the household and gains her husband's consent to send Mrs. Desmond and Lydia away. She fascinates Frederic. She begins to fear Ranjab in his uncanny appearance and disquieting actions, and Frederic, remembering his father's East Indian stories and firm belief in magic, is unable to explain the things he performs. Frederic's father, jealous, unjustly orders his son from the dinner table as drunk. Brood tells the story of Ranjab's life to his guests. He killed a woman who was unfaithful to him. Lydia still loves her dead wife, whom he drove from his home, through her, Yvonne, Brood's second wife. Lydia, who has been brought him up to tell his happiness at the proper time, with this knowledge, Frederic takes Lydia home through a heavy storm and spends the night at her mother's house. The wavering attitude to her is strengthened by a day spent with her. Yvonne, over the phone, accuses Frederic's infatuation for her again. Lydia goes to beg Brood not to tell Frederic of his unhappy parentage, but is turned from her purpose.

#### CHAPTER XIII—Continued.

Lydia resolved to take the plunge. Now was the time to speak plainly to this woman of the thing that was hurting her almost beyond the limits of endurance. Her voice was rather high-pitched. She had the fear that she would not be able to control it.

"It should be blind not to have observed the cruel position in which you are placing Frederic. Is it surprising that your husband has eyes as well as I? What must be his thoughts, Mrs. Brood?"

She expected an outburst, a torrent of indignation, an angry storm of words, and was therefore unprepared for the piteous, hunted expression that came swiftly into the lovely eyes, bent so appealingly upon her own, which were cold and accusing. Here was a new phase to this extraordinary creature's character. She was a coward, after all, and Lydia despised a coward. The look of scorn deepened in her eyes, and out from her heart rushed all that was soft and tender in her nature, leaving it barren of all compassion.

"I do not want to hurt Frederic," murmured Yvonne. "I am sorry I—"

"You are hurting him dreadfully," said Lydia, suddenly choking up with emotion.

"He is not—not in love with me," declared Yvonne.

"No," said the girl, regaining control of herself, "he is not in love with you. That is the whole trouble. He is in love with me. But—can't you see?"

"You are a wise young woman to know men so well," said the other enigmatically. "I have never believed in St. Anthony."

"Nor I," said Lydia, and was surprised at herself.

"Do you consider me to be a bad woman, Lydia?" Her lips trembled. There was a suspicious quiver to her chin.

"No, I do not," pronounced the girl flatly. "If I could only think that of you it would explain everything and I should know just how to treat you. But I do not think it of you."

With a long, deep sigh, Yvonne crept closer and laid her head against Lydia's shoulder. The girl's body stiffened, her brow grew dark with annoyance.

"I am afraid you do not understand, Mrs. Brood. The fact still remains that you have not considered Frederic's peace of mind."

"Nor yours," murmured the other, absently.

"Nor mine," confessed Lydia, after a moment.

"I did not know that you and Frederic were in love with each other until I had been here for some time," Mrs. Brood explained, suddenly fretful.

"What kind of a woman are you?" burst from Lydia's indignant soul. "Have you no conception of the finer, nobler?"

Yvonne deliberately put her hand over the girl's lips, checking the fierce outburst. She smiled rather plaintively as Lydia tried to jerk her head to one side in order to continue her reckless indictment.

"You shall not say it, Lydia. I am not at all that you think I am. No, no, a thousand times no. God pity me, I am more accurate than you may think with the finer and nobler instinct. If it were not so, do you think I should be where I am now?—erasing here like a beaten coward? No, you cannot understand—you never will understand. I shall say no more. It is ended. I swear on my soul that I did not know you were Frederic's sweetheart. I did not know—"

"But you knew almost immediately after you came here," exclaimed Lydia, harshly. "It is not myself I

am thinking of, Mrs. Brood, but of Frederic. Why have you done this abominable thing to him? Why?"

"I did not realize what it would mean to him," said the other, desperately. "I did not count all the cost. But, dearest Lydia, it will come out all right again, I promise you. I have made a horrible, horrible mistake. I can say no more. Now, let me lie here with my head upon your breast. I want to feel the beating of your pure, honest heart—the heart that I have hurt. I can tell by its throbs whether it will ever soften toward me. Do not say anything now—let us be still."

It would be difficult to describe the feelings of Lydia Desmond as she sat there with the despoiled though to be adored head pillowed upon her breast, where it now rested in a sort of confident repose, as if there was safety in the very strength of the young girl's disapproval. Yvonne had twisted her little body on the chaise longue so that she half-faced Lydia. Her free arm, from which the loose sleeve had fallen, leaving it bare to the shoulder, was about the girl's neck.

For a long time Lydia stared straight before her, seeing nothing, positively dumb with wonder and acknowledging a sense of dismay over her own disposition to submit to this extraordinary situation. She was asking herself why she did not cast the woman away, why she lacked the power to resent by deed as well as by thought. Life—marvelous, adorable life rested there on her breast. This woman had hurt her—had hurt her wantonly—and yet there came stealing over her, subtly, the conviction that she could never hurt her in return. She could never bring herself to the point of hurting this wondrous, living, breathing, throbbing creature who pleaded, not only with her lips and eyes, but with the gentle heart-beats that rose and fell in her throat.

After a long time, in which there was conflict, she suddenly pressed her warm lips to Yvonne's. Then in an abrupt revision of feeling her arms fell away from the warm, sweet body and almost roughly she pushed Yvonne away from her.

"I didn't mean to do that!" she gasped.

The other smiled, but it was a sad, plaintive effort on her part. "I knew that you would," she repeated.

Lydia sprang to her feet, her face suddenly flaming with embarrassment. "I must see Mrs. Brood. I stopped in to tell him that—" she began, trying to cover her confusion, but Yvonne interrupted.

"I know that you could not help it, my dear," she said. Then, after a pause: "You will let me know what my husband has to say about it?"

"To—say about it?"

"About your decision to marry Frederic in spite of his objections."

Lydia felt a little shiver race over her as she looked toward the door.

"You will help us?" she said, trembling, turning to Yvonne. Again she saw the drawn, pained look about the dark eyes and was startled.

"You can do more with him than I," was the response.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

##### Sensations.

Lydia stopped for a moment in the hall, after closing the door behind her, to pull herself together for the ordeal that was still to come. She was trembling; a weakness had assailed her. She had left Yvonne's presence in a dazed, unsettled condition of mind. There was a lapse of some kind that she could neither account for nor describe even to herself. The black velvet coat that formed a part of her trousseau, hung limply in her hand, dragging along the floor as she moved with hesitating steps in the direction of James Brood's study. A sickening estimate of her own strength of purpose confronted her. She was suddenly afraid of the man who had always been her friend. Somehow she felt that he would turn upon her and rend her, this man who had always been so gentle and considerate—and who had killed things!

Ranjab appeared at the head of the stairs. She waited for his signal to ascend, somehow feeling that Brood had sent him forth to summon her. Her hand sought the stair rail and gripped it tightly. Her lips parted in a stiff smile. Now she knew that she was turning coward, that she longed to put off the meeting until tomorrow—tomorrow!

The Hindu came down the stairs, quickly, noiselessly.

"The master says to come tomorrow, tomorrow as usual," he said, as he paused above her on the steps.

"It must be today," she said, doggedly, even as the thrill of relief shot through her.

"Tomorrow," said the man. His eyes were kindly inquiring. "Sahib says eyes are to rest." There was a pause. "Tomorrow will not be too late."

She started. Had he read the thought that was in her mind?

"Thank you, Ranjab," she said, after

a moment of indecision. "I will come tomorrow."

Then she slunk downstairs and out of the house, convinced that she had failed Frederic in his hour of greatest need, that tomorrow would be too late.

Frederic did not come in for dinner until after his father and Yvonne had gone from the house. He did not inquire for them, but instructed Jones to say to the old gentlemen that he would be pleased to dine with them if they could allow him the time to "change." He also told Jones to open a single bottle of champagne and to place three glasses.

Later on Frederic made his announcement to the old men. In the fever of an excitement that caused him to forget that Lydia might be entitled to some voice in the matter, he deliberately committed her to the project that had become a fixed thing in his mind the instant he set foot in the house and found it empty—oh, so empty!

Jones practiced hand shook slightly as he poured the wine. The old men drank rather noisily. They, too, were excited. Mr. Riggs smacked his lips and squinted at the chandelier as if trying to decide upon the vintage, but in reality doing his best to keep from coughing up the wine that had gone the wrong way in a moment of profound paralysis.

"The best wine I've heard since Judas died," said Mr. Dawes, manfully.

"Fill 'em up again, Jones. I want to propose the health of Mrs. Brood."

"The future Mrs. Brood," hissed Mr. Riggs, wheezily, glaring at his comrade. "Ass!"

"I'm not married yet, Mr. Dawes," exclaimed Frederic, grinning.

"Makes no difference," said Mr. Dawes, stoutly. "Far as I'm concerned, you are. We'll be the first to drink to Lydia Brood! The first to call her by that name, gentlemen. God bless her!"

"God bless her!" shouted Mr. Riggs. "God bless her!" echoed Frederic, and they drained their glasses to Lydia Brood.

"Jones, open another bottle," commanded Mr. Dawes, loftily.

Frederic shook his head and two faces felt. Right bravely, however, the old man maintained a jovious interest in the occasion. The young man turned moody, thoughtful; the unwonted exhilaration died as suddenly as it had come into existence. A shadow crossed his vision and he followed it with his thoughts. A sense of utter loneliness came over him with a swiftness that sickened, nauseated him. The food was flat to his taste; he could not eat. Self-commiseration stifled him. He suddenly realized that he had never been so lonely, so unhappy in all his life as he was at this moment.

His thoughts were of his father. A vast, inexplicable longing possessed his soul—a longing for the affection of this man who was never tender, who stood afar off and was lonely, too. He could not understand this astounding sense of feeling. He had never felt just this way before. There had been times—and many—when his heart was sore with longing, but they were of other days, childhood days. Tonight he could not crush out the thought of



Lydia Stopped for a Moment in the Hall.

how ineffably happy, how peaceful life would be if his father were to lay his hands upon his shoulders and say, "My son, I love you—I love you dearly." There would be no more lonely days; all that was bitter in his life would be swept away in the twinkling of an eye; the world would be full of joy for him and for Lydia.

When he entered the house that evening he was full of resentment toward his father, and sullen with the remains of an ugly rage. And now to be actually craving the affection of the man who humbled him, even in the presence of servants! It was unbelievable. He could not understand himself. A wonderful, compelling tenderness filled his heart. He longed to throw himself at his father's feet and crave his pardon for the harsh, vengeful thoughts he had spent upon him in those bleak hours. He hungered for a word of kindness or of understanding on which he could feed his starving soul. He wanted his father's love. He wanted more than anything else in the world, to love his father.

Lydia slipped out of his mind, Yvonne was set aside in this immortal

moment. He had not thought of them except in their relation to a completed state of happiness for his father. Instinctively he recognized them as essential.

As he was lonely. The house was as bleak as the steppes of Siberia. He longed for companionship, friendship, kindness—and suddenly in the midst of it all he leaped to his feet.

"I'm going out, gentlemen," he exclaimed, breaking in upon an unappreciated tale that Mr. Riggs was relating at some length and with considerable fierceness in view of the fact that Mr. Dawes had pulled him up rather sharply once or twice in a matter of inaccuracies. "Excuse me, please."

He left them gaping with astonishment and dashed out into the hall for his coat and hat. Even then he had no definite notion as to what his next move would be, save that he was going out—somewhere, anywhere, he did not care.

Somehow, as he rushed down the front steps with the cool night air blowing in his face, there surged up within him a strong, overpowering sense of filial duty. It was his duty to make the first advances. It was for him to pave the way to peace and happiness. Something vague but disturbing formed in his mind with the fear that his father faced a grave peril and that his own place was between it and not against him, as he had been in these ill-directed years. He could not put it away from him, this thought that his father was in danger—in danger of something that was not physical, something from which, with all his valor, he had no adequate form of defense.

At the corner he paused, checked by an irresistible impulse to look backward at the house he had just left. To his surprise there was a light in the drawing-room windows facing the street. The shades in one of them had been thrown wide open and a stream of light flared out across the sidewalk.

Framed in this oblong square of light stood the figure of a man. Slowly, as if drawn by a force he could not resist, the young man retraced his steps until he stood directly in front of the window. A questioning smile was on his lips. He was looking up into Ranjab's shadow, unsmiling face, dimly visible in the glow from the distant street lamp. For a long time they stared at each other, no sign of recognition passing between them. The Hindu's face was as rigid, as emotionless, as if carved out of stone; his eyes were unwavering. Frederic could see them, even in the shadows. He had the queer feeling that, though the man gave no sign, he had something he wanted to say to him, that he was actually calling to him to come back into the house.

Undecided, the man outside took several halting steps toward the doorway, his gaze still fixed on the face in the window. Then he broke the spell. It was a notion on his part, he argued. If he had been wanted his father's servant would have beckoned to him. He would not have stood there like a graven image, staring out into the night. Having convinced himself of this, Frederic wheeled and swung off the street once more, walking rapidly, as one who is pursued. Turning, he fixed his head at the man in the window. He received, as once more, the answer of a nod, and once more the Hindu still was there. Long after he was out of sight of the house he cast frequent glances over his shoulder as if still expecting to see the lighted window and its occupant.

As he made his way to Broadway, somewhat hazily bent on following that thoroughfare to the district where the night glittered and the stars were shamed, he began turning over in his mind a queer notion that had just suggested itself to him, filtering through the maze of uncertainty in which he had been floundering. It occurred to him that he had been markedly sentimental in respect to his father. His attitude had not changed—he was seriously impressed by the feelings that had mastered him—but he found himself ridiculing the idea that his father stood in peril of any description. And suddenly, out of no particular trend of thought, groped the sly, persistent suspicion that he had not been altogether responsible for the sensations of an hour ago. Some outside influence had molded his emotions for him, some cunning brain had been doing his thinking for him.

Then came the sharp recollection of that motionless, commanding figure in the lighted window, and his own puzzling behavior on the sidewalk outside. He recalled his impression that someone had called out to him just before he turned to look up at the window. It was all quite preposterous, he kept on saying over and over again to himself, and yet he could not shake off the uncanny feeling.

Earlier in the evening, without warning, without the slightest encouragement on his part, there had suddenly leaped into existence a warm, tender and wholly inexplicable feeling toward his father. At first he had been amazed by this unwonted, almost unnatural feeling, which later on developed into something quite tangible in the way of an emotion, but he was beginning to realize that the real mystery lay outside of any self-analysis he could make. Like a shot there flashed into his brain the startling question: Was Ranjab the starting point? Was Ranjab's mind and not his own that had moved him to such tender resolves? Could such a condition be possible? Was there such a thing as mind control?

An hour later Frederic approached the box office of the theater mentioned by Yvonne over the telephone that morning. The play was half over and the house was sold out. He bought

a ticket of admission, however, and lined up with others who were content to stand at the back to witness the play. Inside the theater he leaned weakly against the railing at the back of the auditorium and wiped his brow. What was it that had dragged him there against his will, in direct opposition to his dogged determination to shun the place?

The curtain was up, the house was still, save for the occasional coughing of those who succumb to a habit that can neither be helped nor explained. There were people moving on the stage, but Frederic had no eyes for them. He was seeking in the darkness

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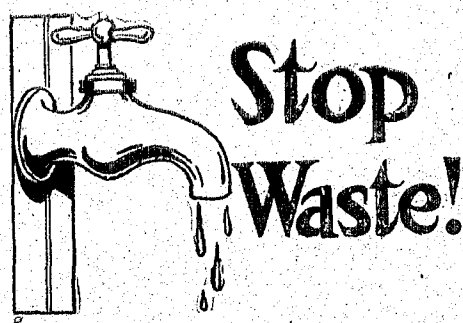
## REMARKABLE CASE of Mrs. HAM

Declares Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Saved Her Life and Sanity.









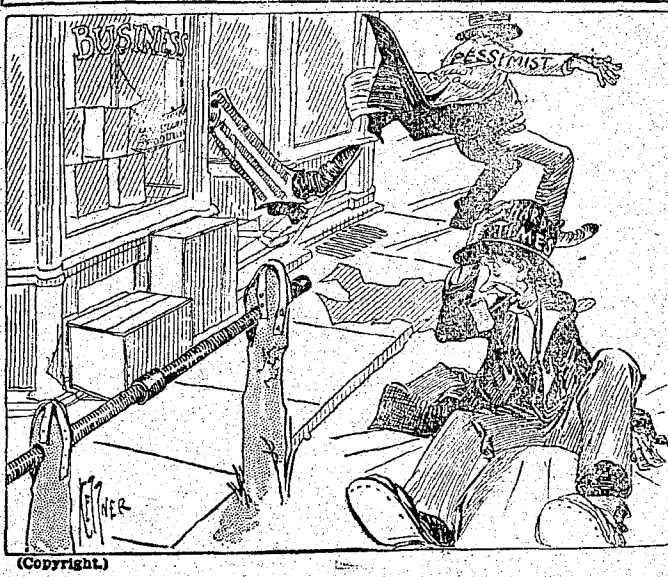
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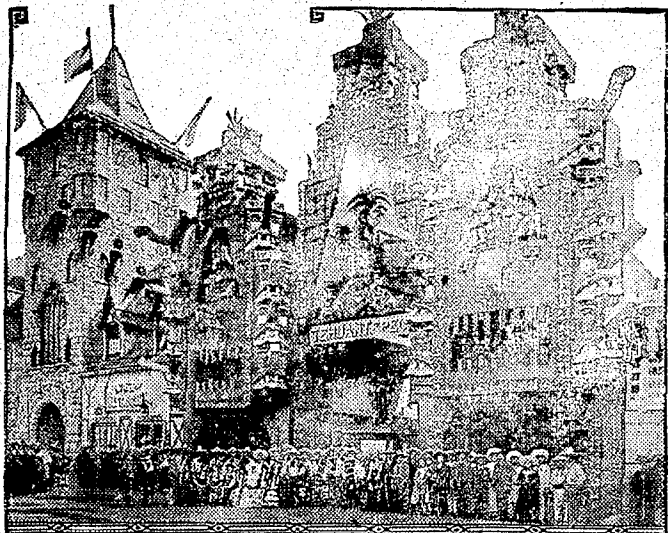
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**ARTS AND CRAFTS OF 10,000 YEARS AGO SHOWN IN THE TEHUANTEPEC VILLAGE AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION**



The Tehuantepec village on the Zone at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition is a bit of the oldest civilization of the world brought to San Francisco from the country of the Aztec ruins in Central America. Beautifully carpeted is shown, together with onyx cutting, clay and wax modeling, ancient dancing and singing, pottery making and coloring and other arts characteristic of the people. A typical garden is open to the visitor in the concession in which is to be seen the landscape art of this people.

**The World in Epitome Shown by Displays in the Vast Exhibit Palaces at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.**

Today the great Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco is being widely exploited throughout the world by the millions of sight-seers who have visited the exposition since its opening on February 20th last as the most beautiful, comprehensive and interesting universal exposition that the world has ever known. The wonderful exhibit palaces house the treasures of the earth, while the grounds, planted to millions of rare bulbs, are a gorgeous mass of color and fragrance. To the visitor entering the gates for the first time, either by night or day, the scene is certain to hold the newcomer spellbound, as the vast panorama unfolds bit by bit before the gaze and the eye wanders from one beauty spot to another in an endless chain of amazing surprises. Entering the main gate at Scott street, for instance, the visitor sees the great Fountain of Energy directly before him, its giant sprays sparkling and flashing in the light of the warm California sun by day, or assuming the appearance of masses of flowing flames by night under the powerful beams of the great batteries of searchlights trained upon this work of art. As the spell is lifted the eye falls upon the Tower of Jewels, the great center piece of the exposition, and again attention is arrested until the eye has conquered the dizzy heights of this gem-studded tower, every cornice and figure sending forth its share of dazzling lights.

The world's advance in all branches of art, science and industry is amazingly portrayed in the exhibits. Among the electrical exhibits, for example, is the Audion amplifier, invented by Lee De Forest. Through this invention the visitor in the Liberal Arts palace is enabled to converse over the long distance telephone with his relatives at the farthest section of the Atlantic coast and may hear the voice of the speaker in greater volume than was actually given into the transmitting telephone. The intensity of the sound is increased by passing through bent waves. Today it is possible for an orator in New York city to address through the telephone a large audience at San Francisco, the sound being increased so that it is of power great enough to fill a large hall. This single advance in the development of the telephone is paralleled in hundreds of other lines. The railroads have made low round trip rates and ample and reasonable accommodations are to be had in San Francisco and the adjoining cities.

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**JUDGE SHARPE RENDERS VERDICT.**

**In Favor of Wm. Emery and Against South Branch Ranch Co.**

The case of the South Branch Ranch company vs. Wm. Emery has just been decided in favor of the defendant, William Emery. The case has been widely discussed in Roscommon and, since the principles involved make this case an important one to the people of Northern Michigan, a short statement of the facts and the findings of the court will be of general interest to our readers.

The controversy arose over the closing up of the so-called River road by the South Branch Ranch company, a corporation owning about 14,000 acres of land in Crawford county. Through this ranch runs the River road which begins at a point near the Chase bridge just northeast of the village of Roscommon and runs in a northeasterly direction following the course of the South branch of the AuSable river to a point near where the South Branch enters the main stream of that river. About ten years ago Orlando F. Barnes, the owner of these lands at that time, enclosed them with a wire fence. These were mostly tax lands that Mr. Barnes had purchased from the State. About six or seven years ago gates were placed across this road where it entered and where it left the ranch property and the free use of the road was thus shut off from the public.

The defendant, William Emery, as well as others, has for some years owned a cottage on the north bank of the South branch and near this River road; which road winds along on the north side and in the general direction of the river. Wm. Emery's cottage, erected at a considerable cost to the defendant, who is a poor man, was entirely enclosed by the wire fence and gates thus erected by the Ranch company. Mr. Emery and other property owners on the river and within the enclosure were thus deprived of any means or access to their property except by going down the river. This practically destroyed the value of their property so enclosed. After the defendant had several times entered the upper gate by force and insisted on his right to travel down this road to his cottage, the Ranch company instituted this suit for the purpose of restraining and prohibiting the defendant from going through the gates or down this road.

The Ranch company claimed the right to thus close up the River road on the ground that it was not a public highway, that it had never been laid out, that it was only an abandoned log-road and no more than a trail, and that it was used only occasionally by fishermen and hunters in going down to their camps along the river. The defendant claimed the road is now and was, for more than ten years prior to its being closed up by the Ranch company, a public highway, that it had been traveled for many years by the general public as a public highway, had the reputation in its vicinity of being a public highway, and that during all those years it had a well defined and beaten course.

The case was tried before Judge Sharpe in Crawford county at the April term. Much testimony was submitted on both sides. After a careful consideration of the evidence submitted and the law involved in the case, the court has just rendered its decision that the River road is and was at the time it was closed by the complainant company a public highway, and dismisses the complainant's bill with costs.

The court states that the principles involved in the case are important. In a lengthy opinion it is apparent that the court considers that the two main points of interest are (1) as to whether highway labor by the public authorities is necessary to establish a highway by user in addition to public travel for the statutory period; (2) the distinction between those old trails and log-roads in Northern Michigan, used at one time by private persons but never serving any definite public purpose, and those meandering roads running from one vicinity to another, following the course of rivers and avoiding hills, in earlier days used perhaps for private purposes but later, as the population grew and the country began to prosper, traveled by different classes of persons and serv-

**A Narrow Escape!**  
But, Remember I'm Lively!



You don't take any chances when you use Chamberlain's Tablets for quick action. Everybody will see your ad.

ing a genuine public need.

A reference to the findings of the court reads in part as follows:

"There are many roads in this Northern country, known to me, in practically the same condition as the evidence shows this river road to be. Several of them are many miles in length and the only convenient way of passing from one neighborhood to another. The lands through which they pass had for years been considered worthless and had been abandoned by their owners. They have lately been purchased, largely from the State, under the provisions of the tax laws, and are being held in large tracts for fishing and hunting reserves as well as for ranch and pasturage purposes. The roads which pass through them are sometimes the only way by which vehicles may reach certain points without a detour of very many miles. Few of them are on governmental lines. They resemble much the highways in older states, which follow the course of the streams and thereby avoid the hills. The decision of this case will no doubt lay down a rule which will control as to many of these roads and its importance is therefore apparent."

It is possible the Ranch company may appeal the case to the Supreme Court. James O. Murfin and Howard H. Campbell of Detroit are the attorneys for the complainant company. Hiram R. Smith of Roscommon and Glen Smith of Grayling are the attorneys for the defendant.

**Notice.**

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the county in which the lands lie of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Description of land situated in Crawford county, state of Michigan. Lot 7, Block E, original plat of the village of Fredericville. Amount paid: \$5.02, tax for year 1901 and 1902; \$3.34, tax for year 1911; \$3.33, tax for the year 1912; \$3.50, tax for year 1913; \$6.00, tax for year 1914; \$1.77, tax for year 1909; \$3.36, tax for year 1910.

Amount necessary to redeem, \$14.64 to which must be added the fees of the sheriff. Yours respectfully,

EDWARD J. BRENNAN,  
Placed of business, 717 Oakland Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Dated May 4, A. D. 1915.  
To Ella H. Cole,  
Grantee under the last recorded deed in the regular chain of title, to said land.

Proof of failure of service.  
State of Michigan,  
County of Crawford I, s. s.

I do hereby certify and return, that after making careful inquiry and search I am unable to ascertain the whereabouts or post office address of Ella H. Cole.  
My fees, \$75.  
5-20-4.

ALBERT LEWIS,  
Deputy Sheriff of said County.

**NOTICE.**

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the lands lie, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Description of land situated in Crawford county, State of Michigan: N. E. 1/4 of S. E. 1/4, Sec. 35, Town 27 N., Range 2 W. Amount paid \$4.07, tax for year 1909.

Amount necessary to redeem, \$9.14, to which must be added the fees of the sheriff.

Yours respectfully,  
WALTER JORGENSEN,  
Placed of business, Grayling, Mich.

Dated March 15, A. D. 1915.  
To Security Title and Land Company, Chicago, Illinois.

Grantee under the last recorded tax deed to said land issued by the Auditor General.

5-27-4.

Best Thing for a Bilious Attack.

"On account of my confinement in the printing office I have for years been a chronic sufferer from indigestion and liver trouble. A few weeks ago I had an attack that was so severe that I was not able to go to the case for two days. Failing to get any relief from any other treatment, I took three of Chamberlain's Tablets and the next day I felt like a new man," writes H. C. Bailey, Editor Carolina News, Chapin, S. C. Obtainable everywhere.

**Chickens Confess Their Guilt.**

Stevens Point, Wis.—F. M. Sackett and H. K. West are neighbors. Sackett made a garden this spring and West's hens—well, anyhow West was unable to believe that his hens, which are well bred, would go foraging where they were not invited.

So Sackett scattered about his garden grains of corn, to each of which was attached a thread and from each thread a small placard. They bore such legends as these: "I have just been scratching in Mr. Sackett's yard;" "My owner does not feed me enough and I have to visit the neighbors."

When West saw these cards dangling from the bills of his hens he admitted Sackett's proof was convincing.

**Probate Notice.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford  
At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Grayling in said county, on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1915.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of George Rauger, deceased.

Oscar Palmer having filed in said court his final administration account, and his petition, praying for the allowance thereof and for the assignment and distribution of the residue of said estate.

It is ordered, that the 17th day of June, A. D. 1915, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTESSON,  
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.  
Wellington Batterson,  
5-27-3  
Judge of Probate.

**NOTICE.**

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the lands lie, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

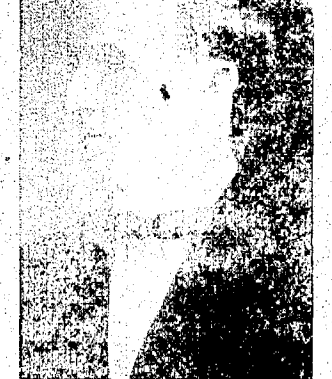
Description of land situated in Crawford county, State of Michigan: S. E. 1/4 of Sec. 19, Town 26 N., Range 3 W. Amount paid, \$7.26, tax for year 1908.

Amount necessary to redeem, \$19.52, to which must be added the fees of the sheriff.

Yours respectfully,  
WALTER JORGENSEN,  
Placed of business, Grayling, Mich.

Dated March 15, A. D. 1915.  
To A. B. Humphrey, Fulton county, Ohio.

Grantee under the last recorded deed, in the regular chain of title, to said land.



**DR. R. D. SMITH**  
PAINLESS EXTRACTOR OF TEETH

will be at the  
Roscommon House in Roscommon on Wednesday, June 2nd, and at the New Russell House in Grayling on Thursday, June 3rd.

He is a registered dentist. He has been extracting teeth for the last fifteen years.

Does not use chloroform or ether. No vitalized air or gas.

Positively not any cocaine.

Not any of its derivatives.

Not any unnecessary sore gums.

No bad after-effects.

No dental chairs.

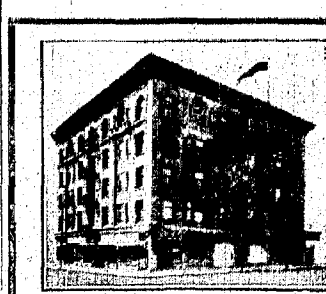
Every instrument is thoroughly sterilized.

It always was so and always will be Teeth broken off are especially solicited.

So are teeth that other dentists could not get out.

In about one-half of his work, Dr. Smith does not use a forcep at all.

Remember the dates and places.



**Reserve Your Rooms for the big EXPOSITION**

\$1.00 to \$2.00 a day

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**Hotel Thomas**

Next door to everything in San Francisco

971 Mission Street Near Sixth

On Direct Car Lines to the Exposition and Depots

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Take Universal Bus or Taxi to Hotel at Our Expense

**What Is the Best Remedy For Constipation?**

This is a question asked us many times each day. The answer is

**Rexall Orderlies**

We guarantee them to be satisfactory to you. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

A. M. Lewis & Co.

**Should Not Feel Discouraged**

So many people troubled with indigestion and constipation have been benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets that no one should feel discouraged who has not given them a trial. They contain no poison or other digestive ferments but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Obtainable everywhere. Adv.

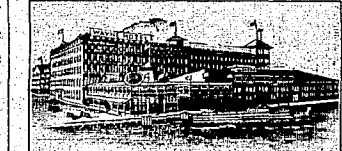
**Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card**  
In effect Dec. 27, 1914.

Read Down.	Read Up.
A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
6:00 12:25	iv Grayling at 11:55 14:35
6:21 12:34	Resort iv 11:46
6:54 3:02	"Sigma" 1:19 3:02
8:21 3:26	"Rowley" 12:48 1:56
9:20 3:55	"Walton" 12:25 1:10
11:13 4:21	"Buckley" 11:03 11:13
4:46	"Glengarry" 10:39
5:29	"Rvr Brch" 9:55
5:39	"Kaleva" 9:45
5:46	"Chief lake" 9:39
6:17	"Norwalk" 9:15
	"Manistee" 8:55

A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
7:35 13:00	iv Manistee at 12:15 16:45
8:21 3:47	"Kaleva" iv 11:23 6:00
8:43 4:11	"Rvr Brch" 11:00 5:35
8:49 4:18	"Copenish" 10:49 5:21
9:23 4:53	"Platte Rvr" 10:17 4:53
9:31 5:01	"Lake Ann" 10:07 4:43
9:48 5:15	"Solon" 9:48 4:22
9:54 5:21	"Touch" 9:36 4:16
10:10 5:35	ar Traverse at 9:20 4:00

† Daily, except Sunday.

\* Local freight trains.



**THE NEW \$100,000 WAYNE MINERAL BATH HOUSE**  
DETROIT (Third and Jefferson Aves.) MICH.

Completely equipped for giving every approved form of hydrotherapeutic treatment for Rheumatism, Blood Disorders, Nervous Troubles, Dyspepsia, Constipation, etc. The Sulpho-Saline water is not excelled in therapeutic value by any spring in America or Europe.

**WAYNE HOTEL AND GARDENS**  
in location. Delightfully located on river front, adjacent to D. & C. Nav. Co's Wharf. Coolest spot in Detroit. European plan, \$1.00 per day and up.

J. R. Hayes, Prop. F. H. Hayes, Asst. Mgr.

**Notice of Meeting of Commissioners on Claims.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford:  
In the matter of the estate of John A. Everett, deceased.

Having been appointed commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, we do hereby give notice that four months from the seventh day of April, A. D. 1915, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment, and that we will meet at the county clerk's office in the village of Grayling in said county, on the seventh day of June, A. D. 1915, and on the seventh day of August A. D. 1915, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and adjusting said claims.

Dated this first day of May A. D. 1914.

JOHN J. NIEDERER  
EDWARD S. HOUGHTON  
5-13-4  
Commissioners.

**Notice.**

Now is the time to think about your paper-hanging and decorating. See us now and have us reserve a certain time to do your work. We sell wall paper for 5 cents a roll and up. We hang wall paper for 15 cents a roll and up. First class work guaranteed.

CONRAD G. SORENSON.

**HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil**

(COMPOUND)  
For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Two sizes, 25c, and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed.

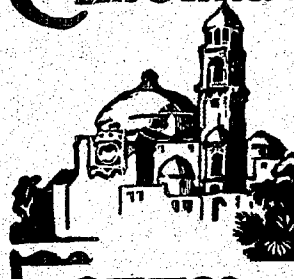
Send Free Sample of Oil to

Humphreys' Medicine Co., 110 William St., New York.

**Sick Animals**

The treatment of diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Poultry, is given in Humphreys' Veterinary Manual, mailed on Humphreys' Veterinary Remedies, 110 William St., New York.

**CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS**



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**NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES**

Choice of Many Routes going and returning.

All your questions gladly answered. Call on or address

**Ticket Agent**

**MICHIGAN CENTRAL R. R.**

I can't for the life of me see how you can read your news and see my ad and still not have your houses painted. Nemesius Nielsen.

**Drs. Insley & Keyport**

**Physicians & Surgeons**

Office over Lewis & Co's Drug Store.

Office Hours—9 to 11 a.m. 2-4, 7-8 p.m.

Residence on Peninsula Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

**Bank of Grayling.**

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier

**G. A. Canfield, D.D.S.**

**DENTIST**

OFFICE:  
Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours: 8:30-11 a.m. 1-3:30, p.m.

**GLEN SMITH,**

**Attorney and Solicitor,**

**PROSECUTING ATTORNEY**

**GRAYLING, MICH.**

Phone 62.

**O. Palmer**

**ATTORNEY AT LAW**

FIRE INSURANCE, and REAL ESTATE

Office in Avalanche Building

**O. P. Schumann**

**Justice of the Peace**

At Avalanche Office

**You Can Enjoy Life**

Eat what you want and not be troubled with indigestion if you will take

**Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet**

before and after each meal.